

Ionogel Materials for Fluid Control and Sensing in Microfluidic Devices

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10th February 2011, CNM, UAB



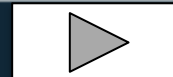
National Centre for Sensor Research



- OVER 260 RESEARCHERS AND SUPPORT STAFF
- 23 AFFILIATED FACULTY
- INVESTMENTS AND INCOME SINCE 1999 NOW APPROACHING €100 MILLION
- 1500 m² WELL-EQUIPPED SPECIALIST LAB SPACE AND OFFICE

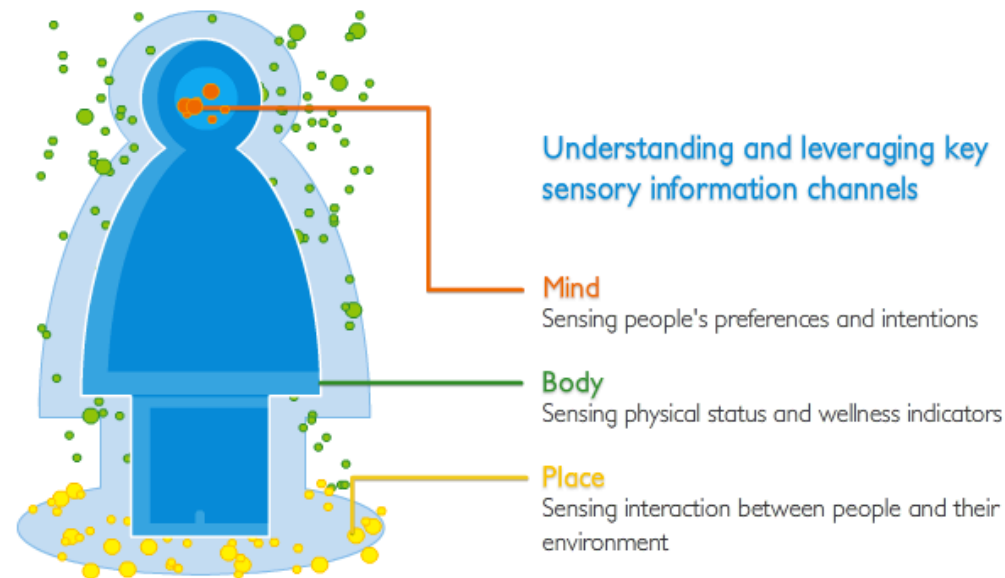


Beaufort, SmartCoast, SmartBay, Strive



CLARITY – SFI CSET

Vision: Sensing Mind, Body & Place



- **5-YEAR, €16.4 MILLION RESEARCH PROGRAM TO DEVELOP NEXT GENERATION SENSOR WEB TECHNOLOGIES WITH SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL FOCUS**
- **BRINGS TOGETHER FUNDAMENTAL MATERIALS SCIENCE, FUNCTIONAL POLYMERS, DEVICE PROTOTYPING, ENERGY MANAGEMENT, ADAPTIVE MIDDLEWARE, WEARABLE SENSORS, DISTRIBUTED ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING**



Sensor Hierarchy

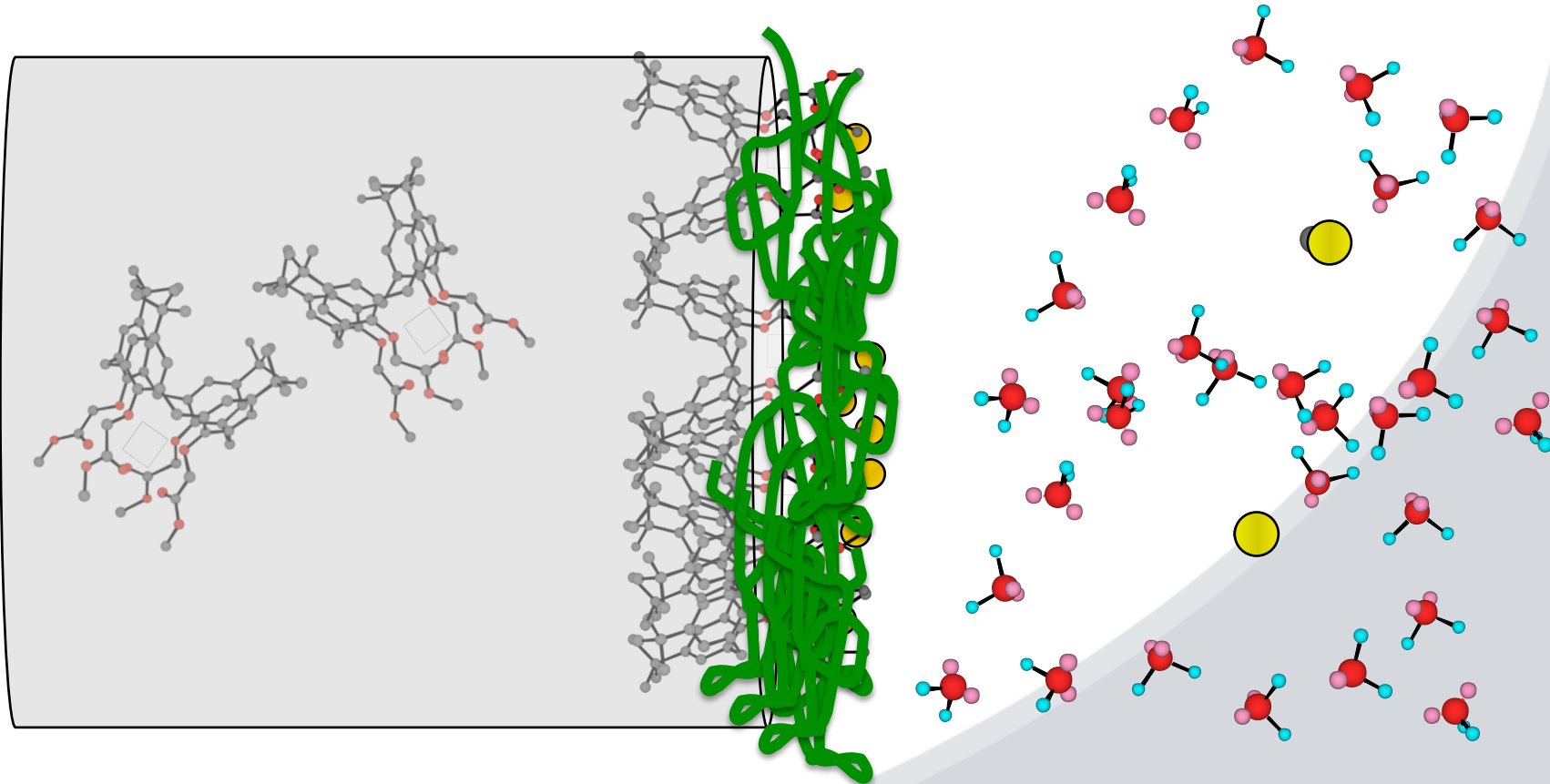
- **PHYSICAL TRANSDUCERS – THE GOOD GUYS; LOW COST, RELIABLE, LOW POWER DEMAND, LONG LIFE-TIME**
 - THERMISTORS (TEMPERATURE), MOVEMENT, LOCATION, POWER,, LIGHT LEVEL, CONDUCTIVITY, FLOW, SOUND/AUDIO,
- **CHEMICAL SENSORS – MORE COMPLICATED, MISBEHAVE, NEED REGULAR CALIBRATION, MUCH MORE COSTLY TO IMPLEMENT**
 - ELECTROCHEMICAL, OPTICAL, .. FOR METAL IONS, PH, ORGANICS...
- **BIOSENSORS – THE WORST OF ALL, VERY DIFFICULT TO WORK WITH, DIE QUICKLY, SINGLE SHOT (DISPOSABLE) MODE**
 - DUE TO THE DELICATE NATURE OF ENZYMES, ANTIBODIES....



**BUT CAN WE USE THESE SENSORS IN
CONTINUOUS DIRECT CONTACT WITH REAL
SAMPLES TO PROVIDE LOW COST,
AUTONOMOUS SENSING PLATFORMS...**



Fundamental Problem: Sensor surface will change with time!

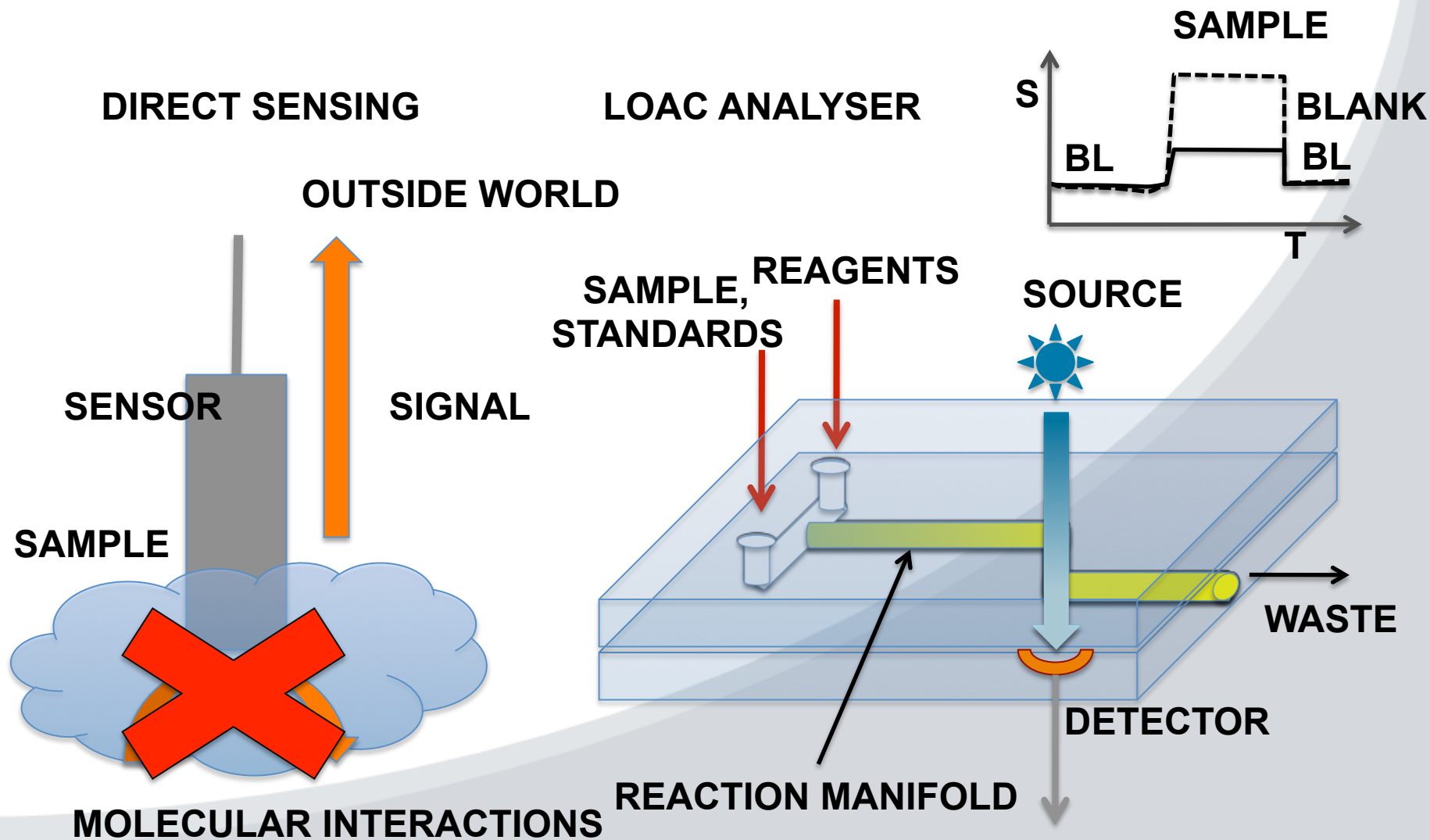


SURFACES SUSCEPTIBLE TO BIOFOULING: THE SENSOR SAMPLES THE BIOFILM LAYER, NOT THE BULK SOLUTION!

=> DRIFT, LOSS OF SENSITIVITY/LOD/SELECTIVITY => REGULAR CALIBRATION (LIQUID HANDLING) => HIGH COST OF OWNERSHIP



Direct Sensing vs. Reagent Based LOAC



MANY PEOPLE, MYSELF INCLUDED, EXPECTED THAT THE ABILITY TO MANIPULATE FLUID STREAMS, IN MICROCHANNELS, EASILY, WOULD RESULT IN A PROLIFERATION OF COMMERCIAL LOAC SYSTEMS, AND THAT WE WOULD SEE APPLICATIONS OF THESE DEVICES PROLIFERATING THROUGHOUT SCIENCE. IN FACT, IT HAS NOT (YET) HAPPENED.

**EDITORIAL 'SOLVING PROBLEMS', GEORGE WHITESIDES
LAB CHIP 10 (2010) 2317-2318**

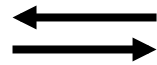


**MICROFLUIDICS FOCUS:
SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**
(scientific papers)



Use of microfluidics for the solution of problems??

PROBLEM



**MICROFLUIDIC
TECHNOLOGY**



BETTER THAN EXSISTING TECHNOLOGY

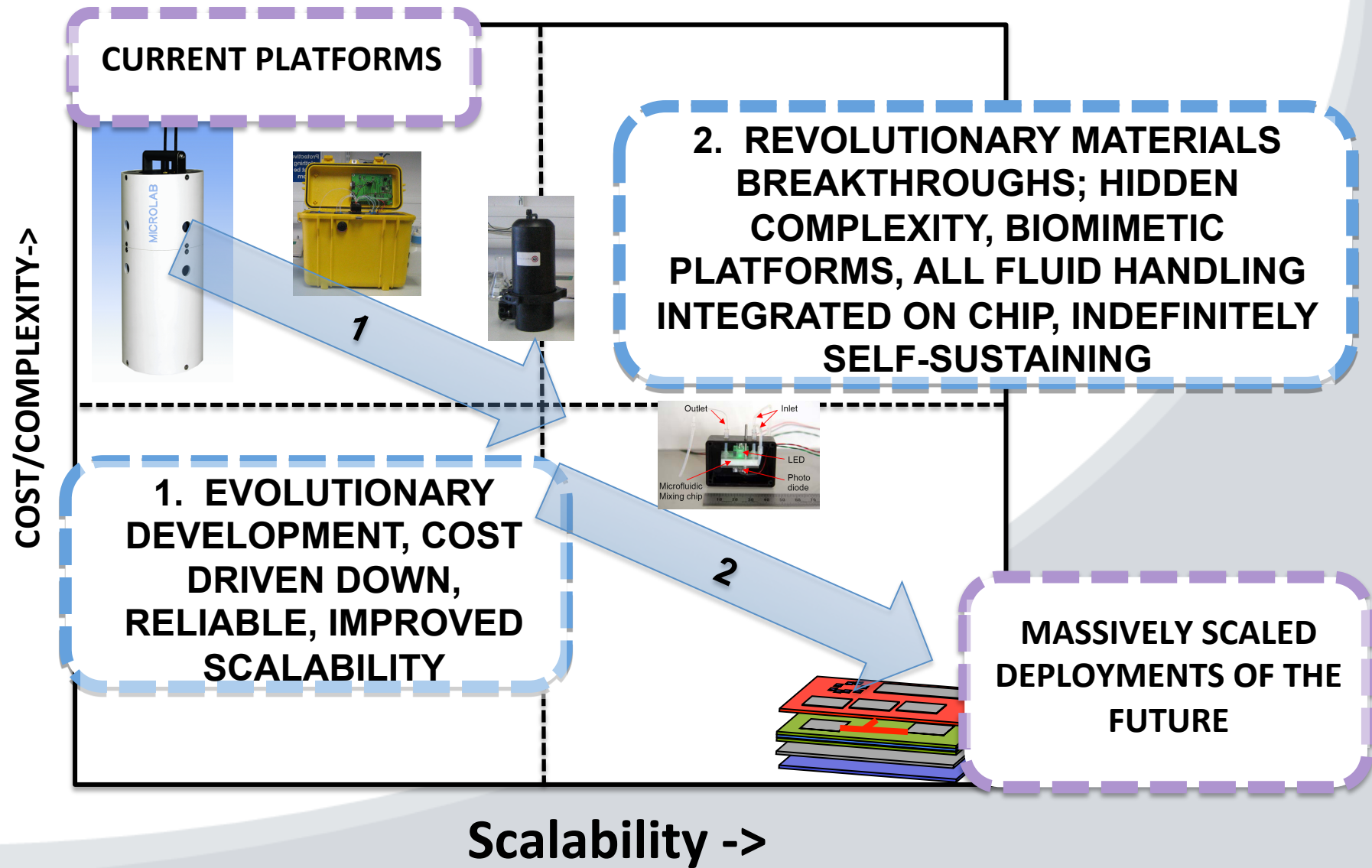


MARKET

DEVELOPMENT!!!



Achieving Scale-up



Disadvantage of Microfluidics



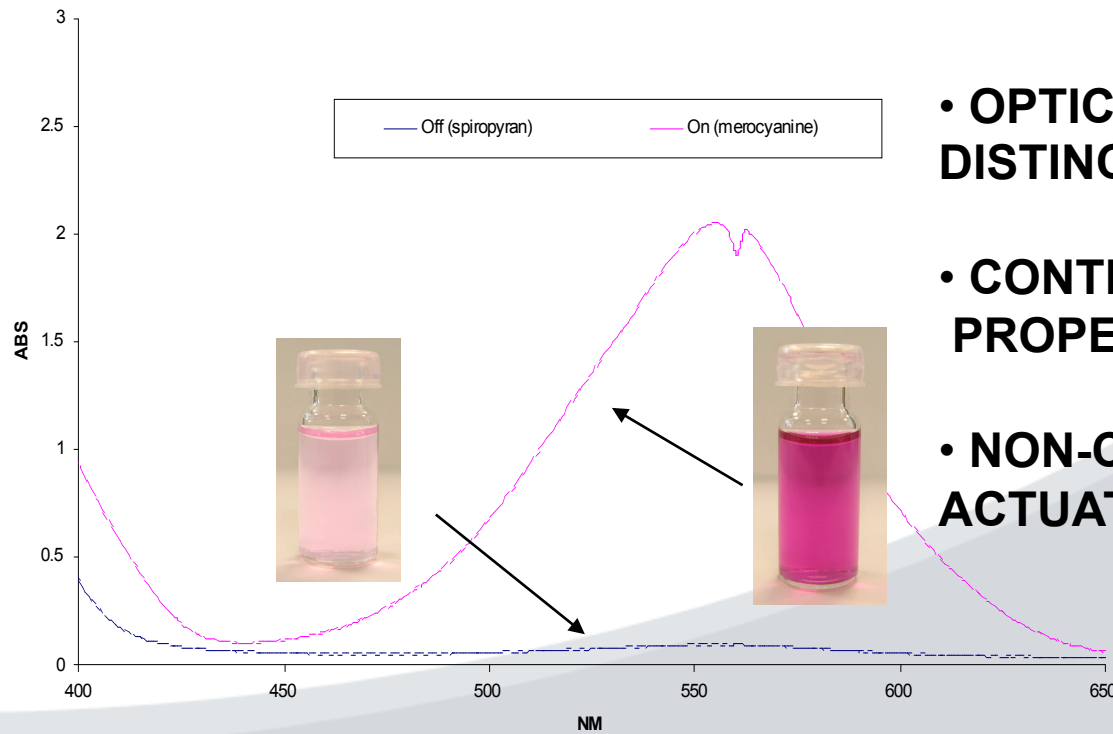
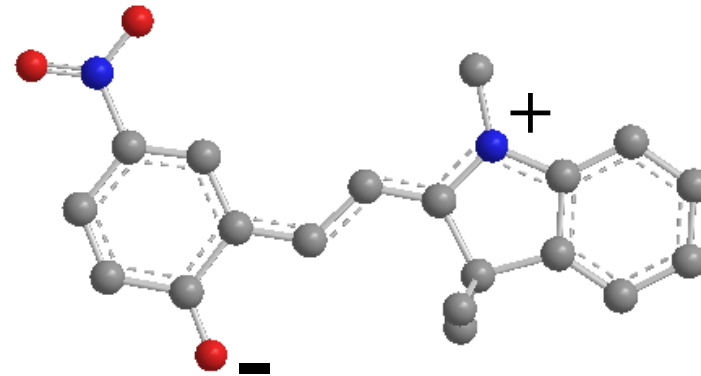
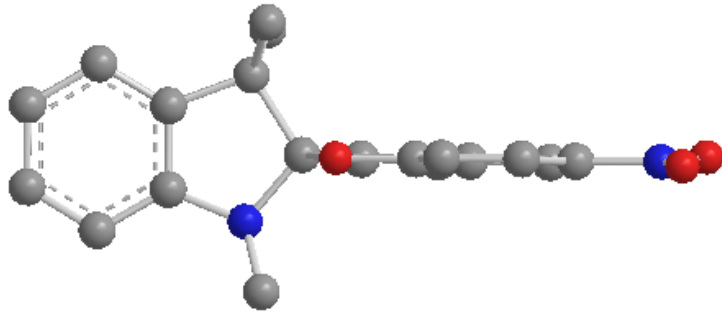
NEW GENERATION OF MICROFLUIDIC DEVICES



ADVANCES IN FUNDAMENTAL MATERIAL SCIENCE

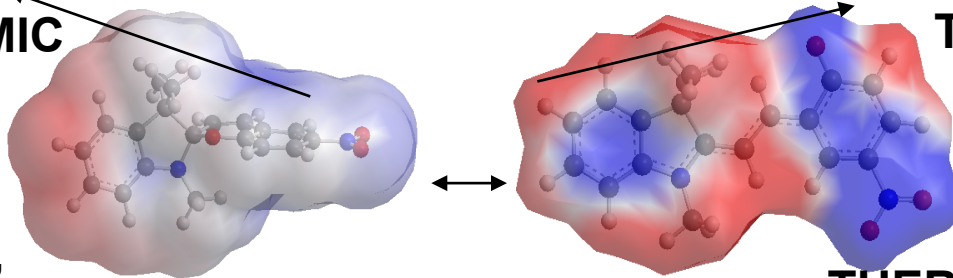
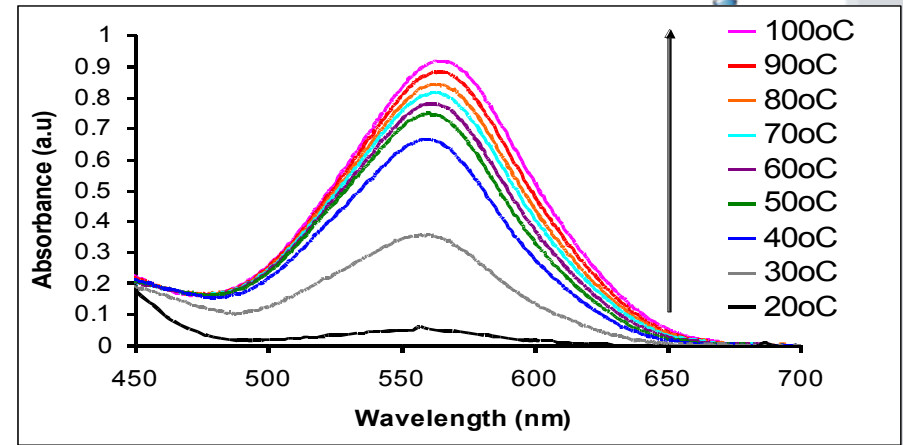
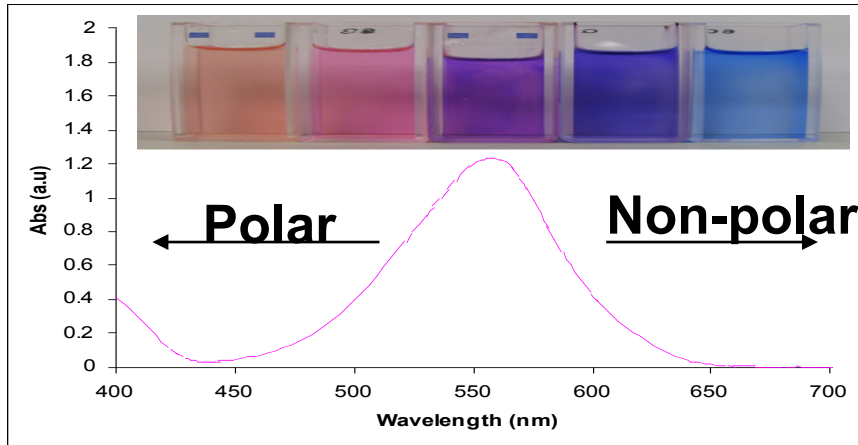


Photoswitchable Materials



- OPTICALLY ACTUATE BETWEEN TWO DISTINCT ISOMERS
- CONTROL PHYSICO-CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF SYSTEM
- NON-CONTACT SPATIAL CONTROL OF ACTUATION





METAL IONS, PROTON, PROTEIN AND DNA RECOGNITION SITE

THERMAL RELAXATION DEPENDENT ON ALL PROCESSES!

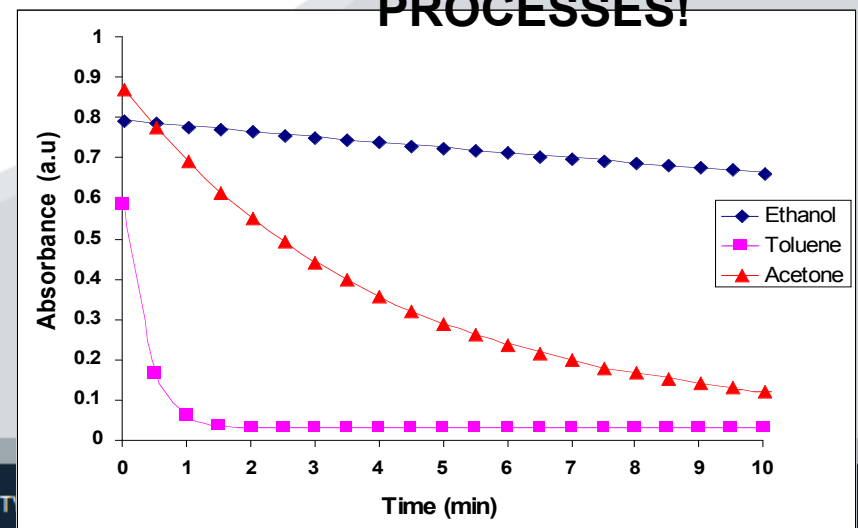
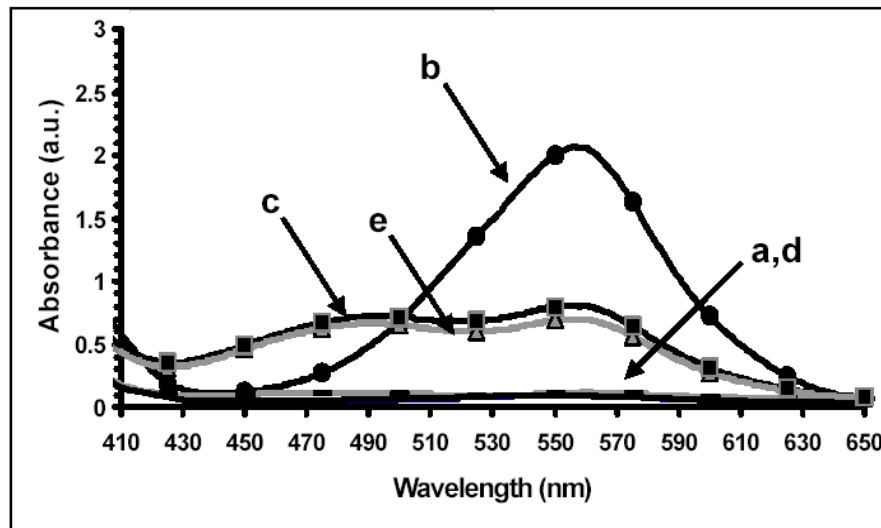


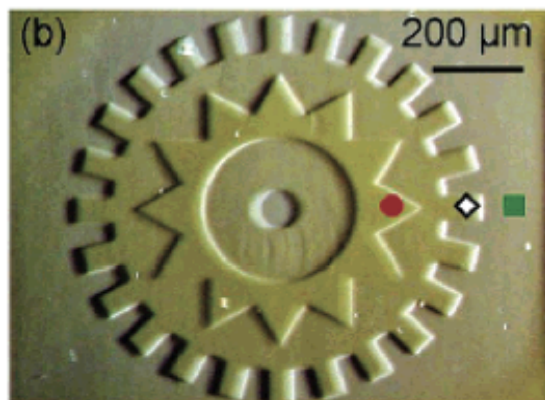
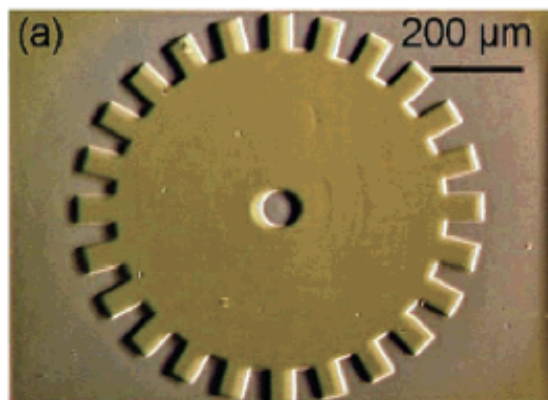
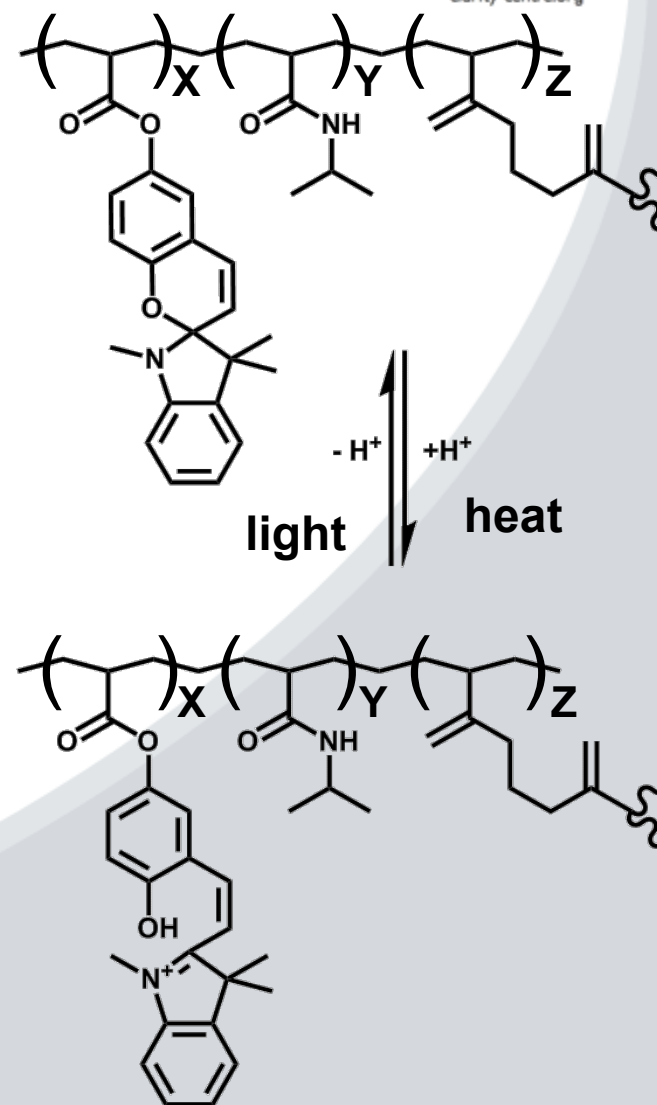
Photo-responsive polymer

PROTONATED ISOMER INCORPORATED INTO
CROSS LINKED THERMORESPONSIVE HYDROGEL

IRRADIATION OF BLUE LIGHT RESULTS IN
CONTRACTION OF HYDROGEL

EXCELLENT SPATIAL RESOLUTION

TECHNICAL ISSUES INCLUDE EVAPORATION OF
WATER FROM HYDROGEL



Sumaru *et al.* *Chem. Mater.*, 19 (11), 2730 -2732, 2007



Ionic Liquids- photoresponsive liquids

CONSIST SOLELY OF IONS AND LIQUIDUS AT RT

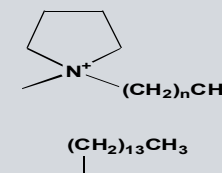
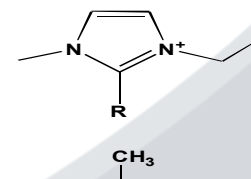
NEGLIGIBLE VAPOUR PRESSURE, NON-FLAMMABLE, THERMALLY STABLE AT HIGH TEMPERATURES

DESIGNER SOLVENTS (VISCOSITY, POLARITY, ACIDIC-BASIC, ELECTROCHEMICAL, ...)

ABILITY TO TUNE ION COMPOSITION

APPLICATIONS IN CATALYSIS, SEPARATIONS, POLYMERIZATIONS (IONIC LIQUIDS IN GELS, SOLID STATE ELECTROLYTES)

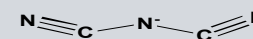
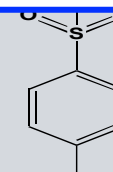
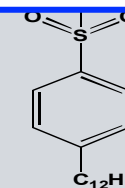
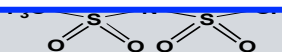
THE NUMBER OF PAPERS PUBLISHED IN 1995 WAS APPROXIMATELY 20 AND ROSE TO 2,500 IN 2006.



Highly polar

COMBINATION OF IONOGELS AND PHOTO-RESPONSIVE MATERIALS OFFERS MANY ADVANTAGES!!!!

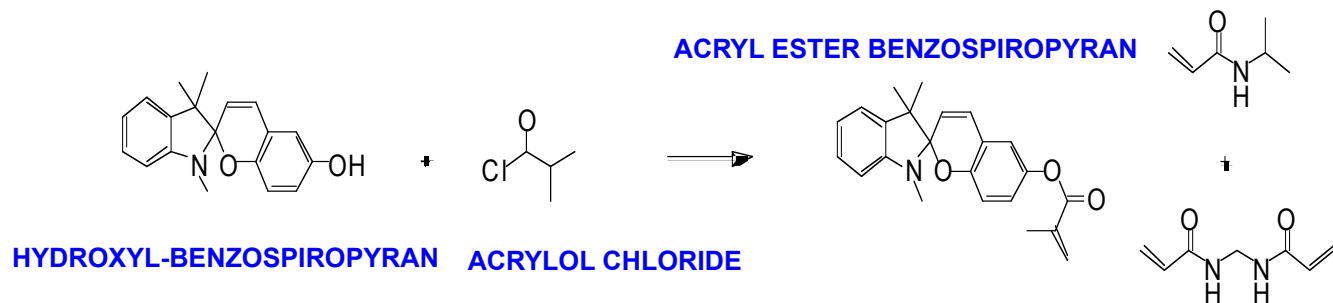
Immiscible with many organic solvents



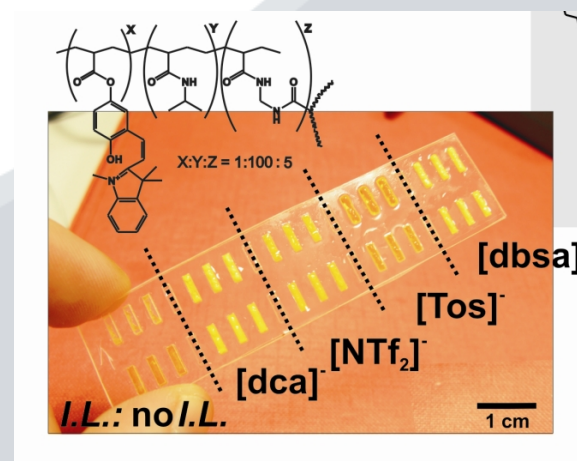
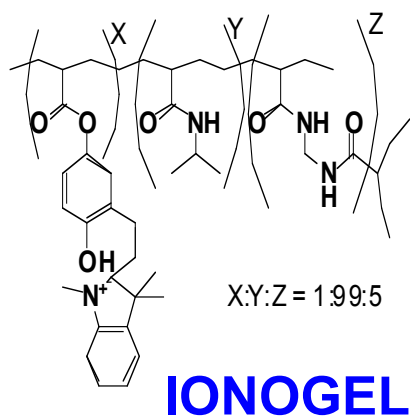
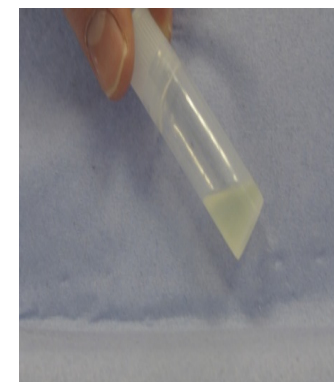
F. Benito-Lopez, et al., Mater. Today, 2010, 13, (7-8), July-August, 16-23.



Preparation of photo-responsive ionogel



- 1) Ionic Liquid Photo-Initiator
- 2) 365 nm Irradiation 10 mins
- 3) 1mM HCl



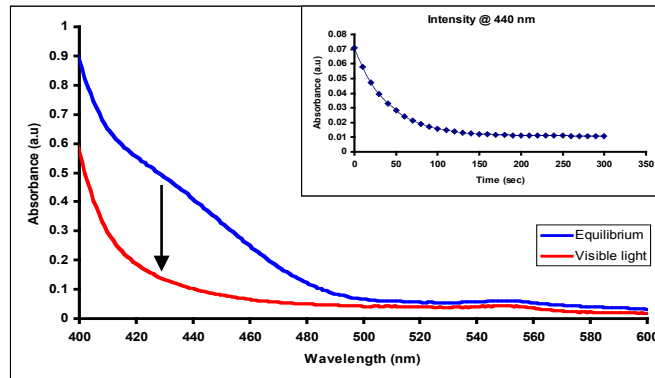
Byrne et al., *Biosens & Bioelectron*, 26, 2010, 1392-1398



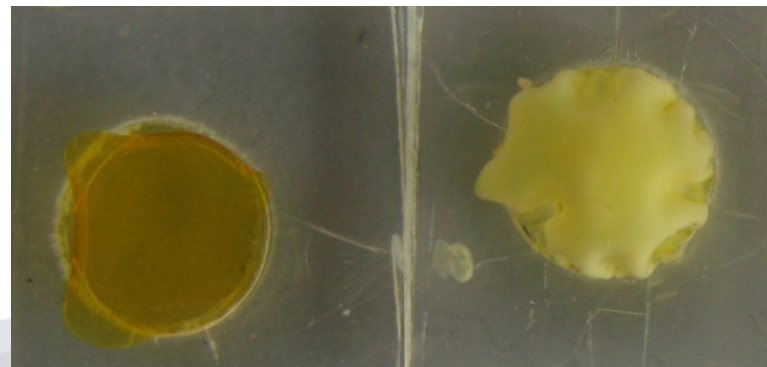
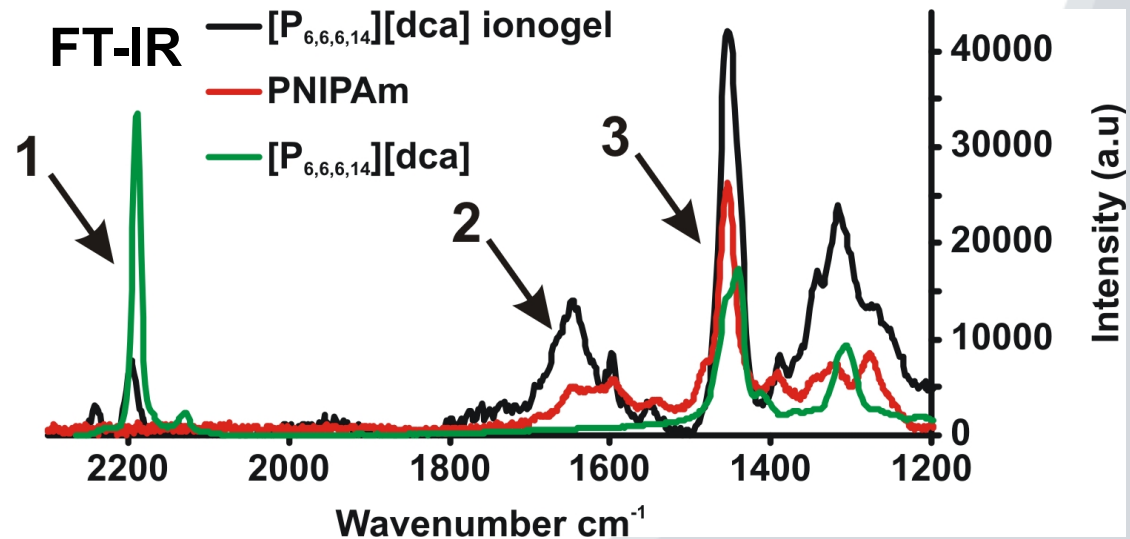
Photo-responsive ionogel properties

PHOTO-POLYMERISATION TAKES PLACE IN IONIC LIQUID MATRIX

IONOGELS HAVE DIFFERENT CHEMICAL AND PHOTO-PHYSICAL PROPERTIES DUE TO IONS WITHIN THE GEL.



SPECTROSCOPIC ANALYSIS
RATE CONSTANT = $2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$

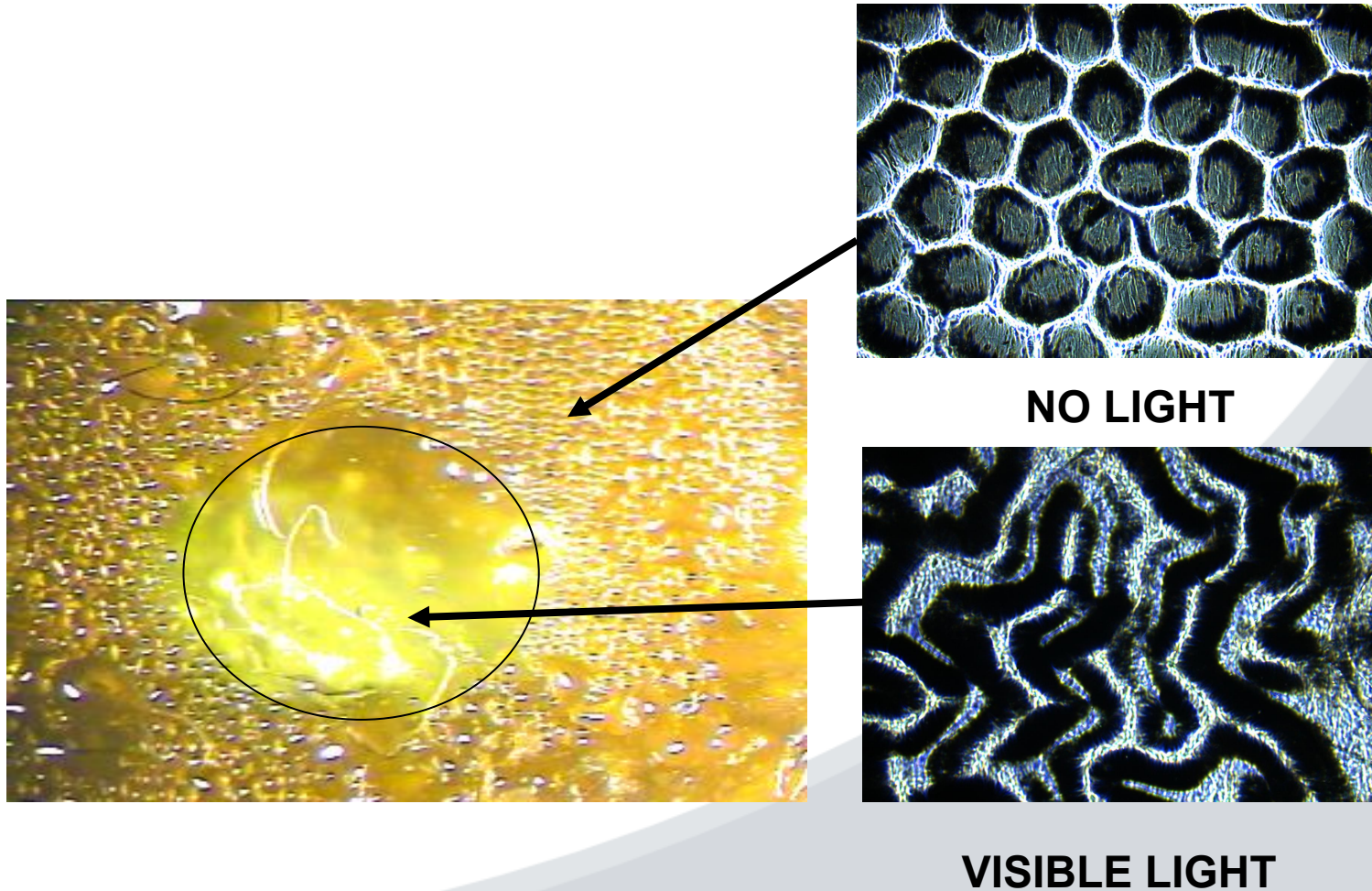


R. Byrne, Material Research Society, Adaptive materials, 2009, (NN) 1071.

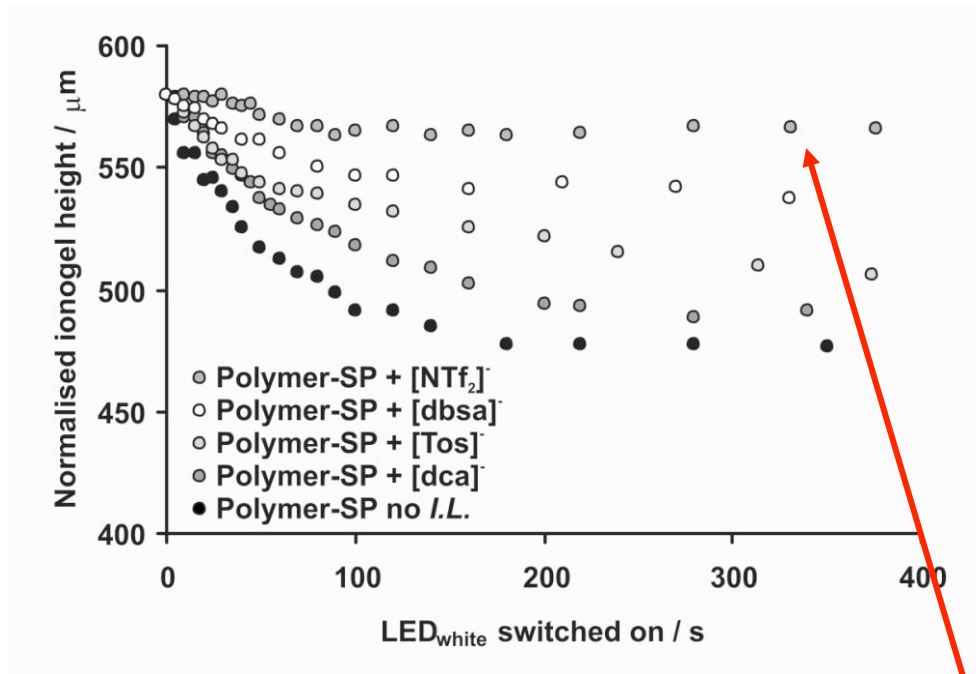
F. Benito-Lopez, ECS transactions 2009, 19 (6) 199-210.



Photo-responsive ionogel properties



Physical characterisation of ionogel



ALL MEASUREMENTS AT 25 °C



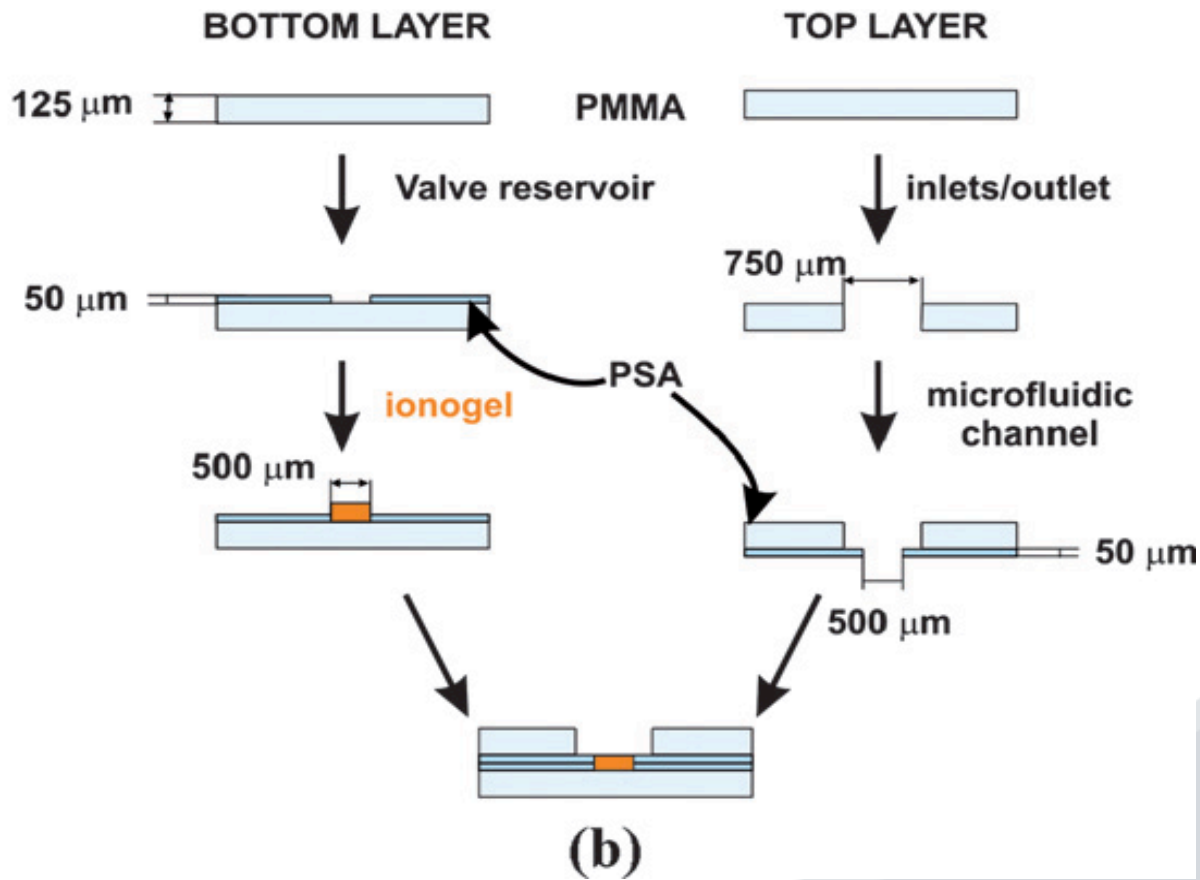
CORRELATION BETWEEN
STIFFNESS AND ACTUATION
BEHAVIOUR

Table 1 Axial stiffness, ultimate tensile strength (UTS) and elongation at break values for the ionogels

Ionogel	Axial stiffness/N mm ⁻¹	UTS/MPa	Elongation at break (%)
[dbsa] ⁻	0.1713	0.12	187.19
No I.L.	0.0493	0.08	65.910
[tos] ⁻	0.0187	0.02	545.48
[dca] ⁻	0.0149	0.02	131.53
[NTf ₂] ⁻	2.9340	0.22	68.210



Photo-responsive valve: Chip fabrication



CO₂ laser

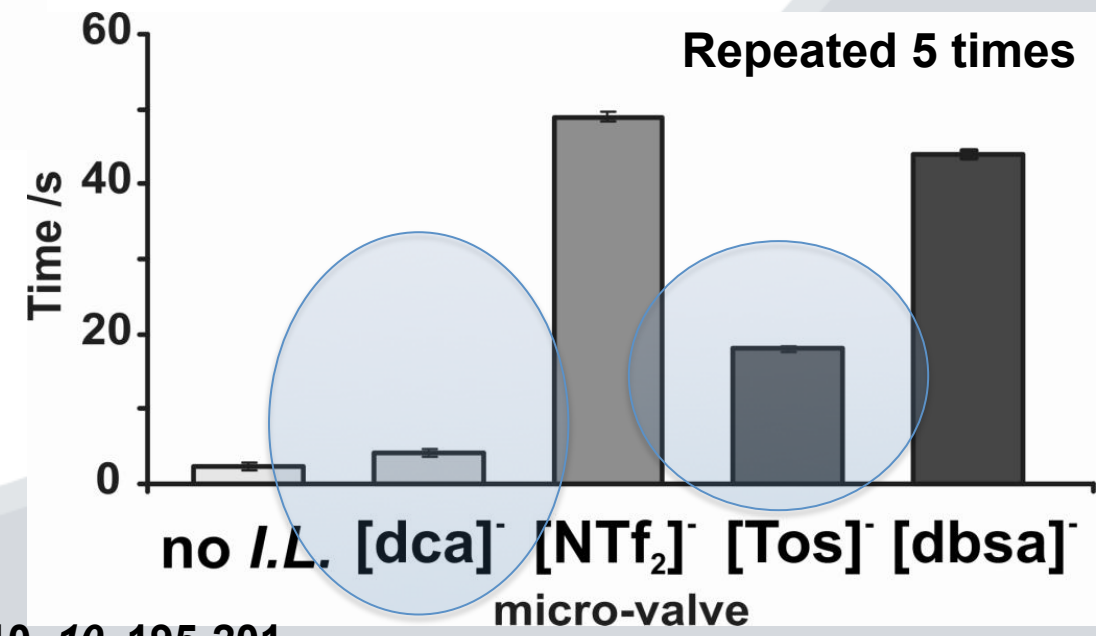
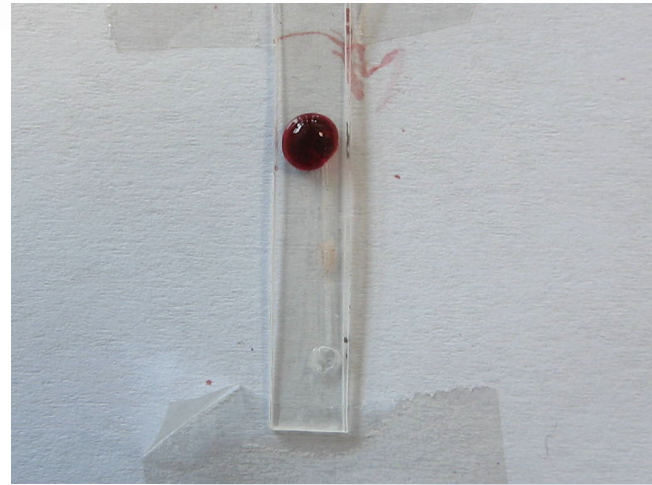
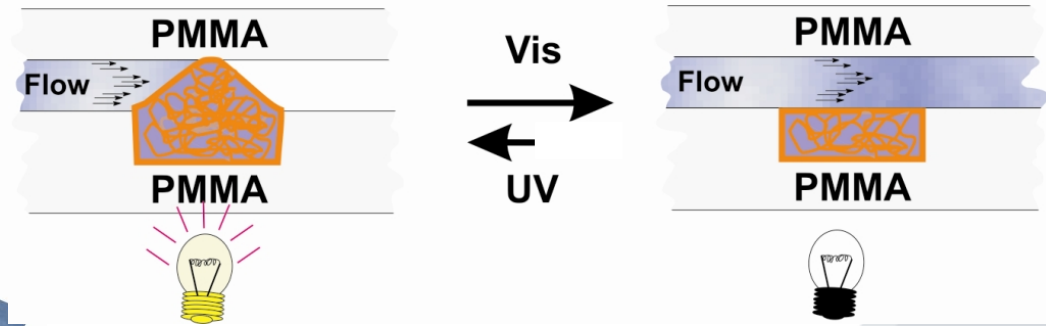
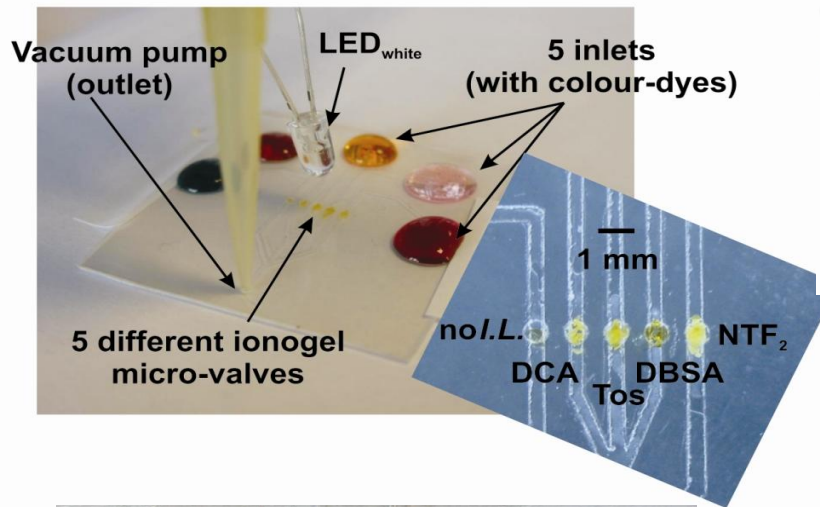


laminator

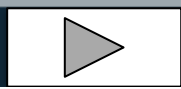
F. Benito-Lopez *et al.*, *Lab on a Chip* 2010, 10, 195-201.



Multiple valves on one chip, using one actuation source!



F. Benito-Lopez et al., *Lab on a Chip* 2010, 10, 195-201.

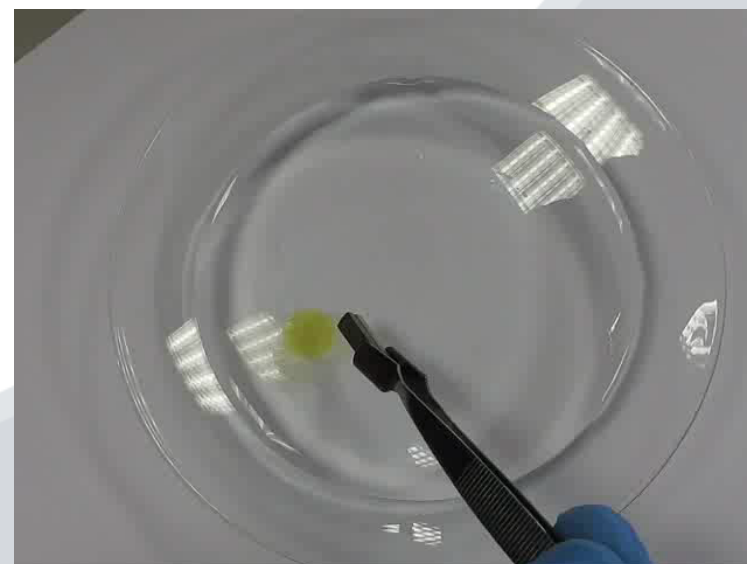
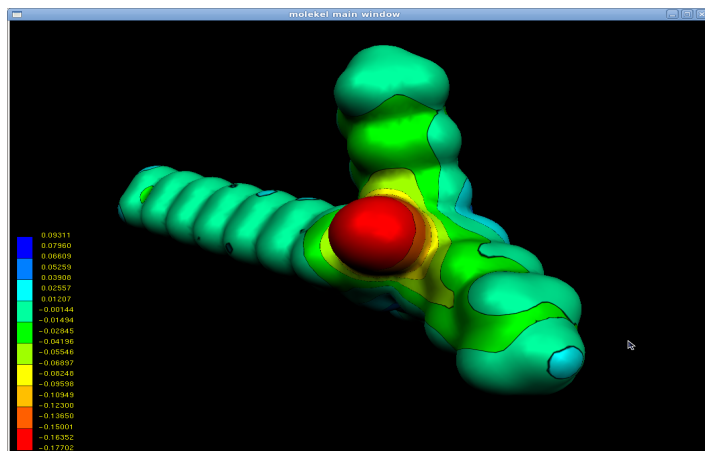


Magnetic control of hydrophobic liquids

Hydrophobic Ionic liquids (Phosphonium and Imidazolium based magnetic ionic liquids)

Prepared by salt metathesis with paramagnetic anions (Fe, Gd, Co, Mg)

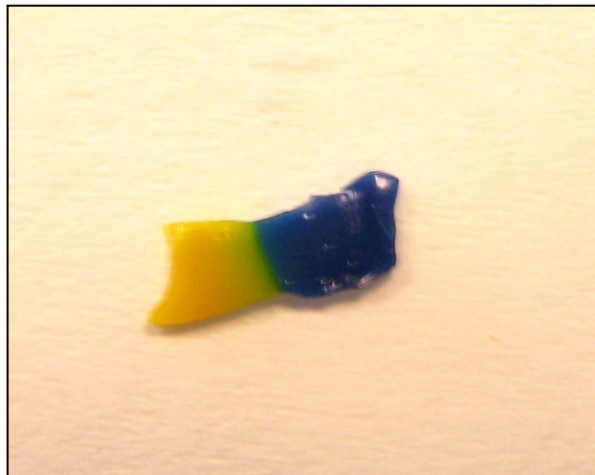
- Non invasive control of $[P_{6,6,6,14}][FeCl_4]$ ionic liquid
- Disruption of laminar flow in micro fluidic channels
- Liquid tube stabilisation



50ul of $[P_{6,6,6,14}][FeCl_4]$ in water

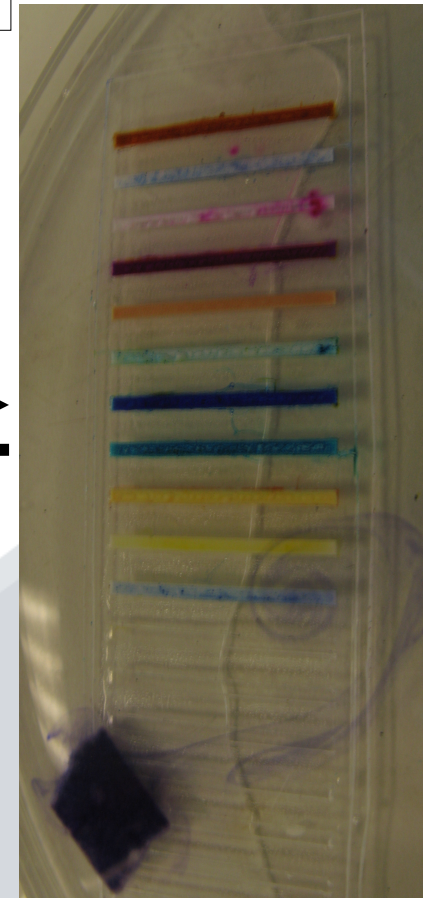


Chemical Sensor



Stable
after
20 cycles

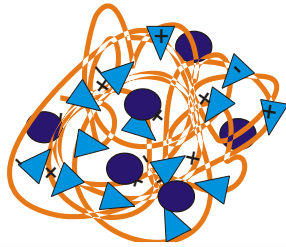
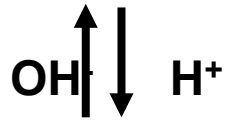
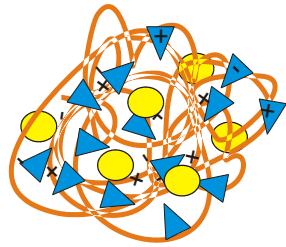
BASE
→
←
ACID



F. Benito-Lopez, et al. Pittcon Conference-2010, Orlando, Florida, USA, 28 March - 5 March, 2010. 610-3P.

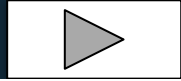
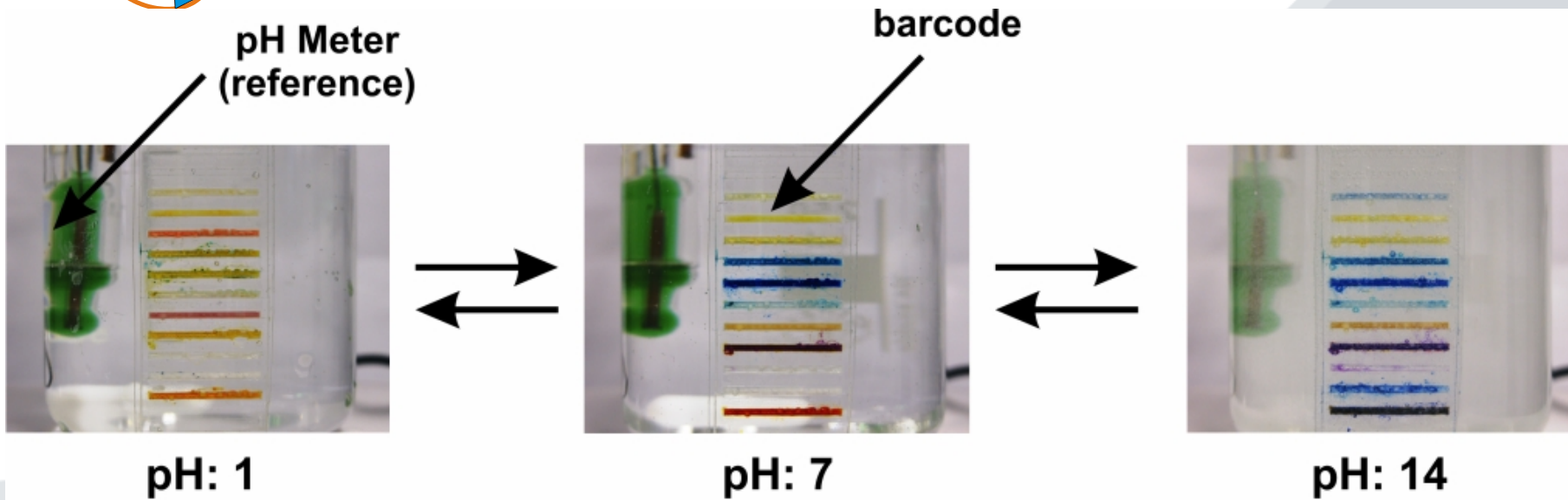


Chemical Sensor



**CHEAP
EASY TO FABRICATE
NO CHEMICAL MODIFICATION
NO LEACHING**

**UNIVERSAL
REUSABLE
LONG TERM DURATION
MASS PRODUCTION**



Introduction



SWEAT, WHY IS IMPORTANT?

Sweat is naturally generated during exercise.

Monitoring its contents provides very rich information about the physiological condition of the individual.

Rehydration and re-mineralisation

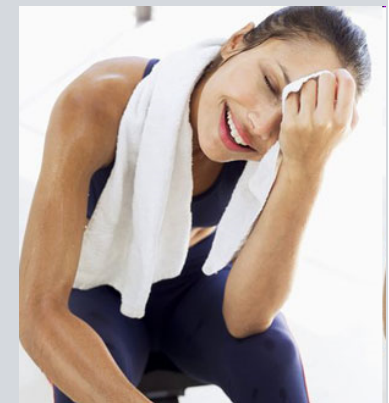


Improve performance and general health



Sweat analysis: identify pathological disorders

- * cystic fibrosis*
- * information on dehydration
- changes in the concentration of biomolecules and ions. hyponatremia (low sodium concentration)



*Common hereditary disease which affects the entire body, causing progressive disability and often early death.



Introduction

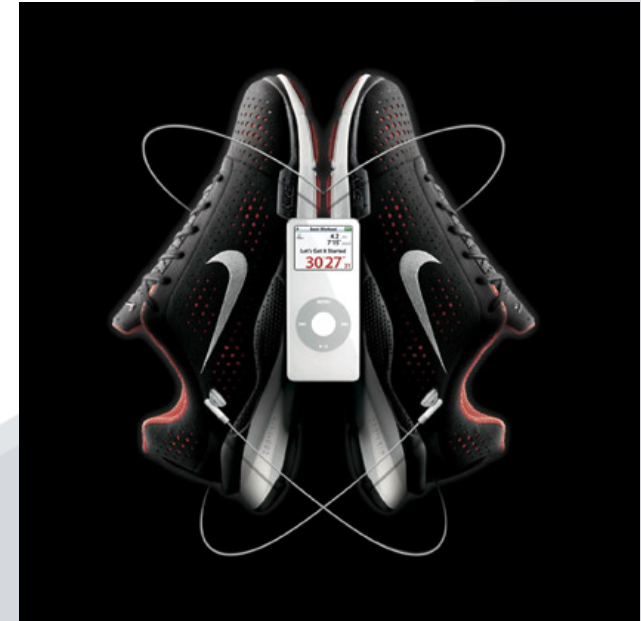
PHYSIOLOGICAL SENSORS

Breath rate, heart rate, activity, posture, skin temperature...



LIFESHIRT®

TRAINTRAK™

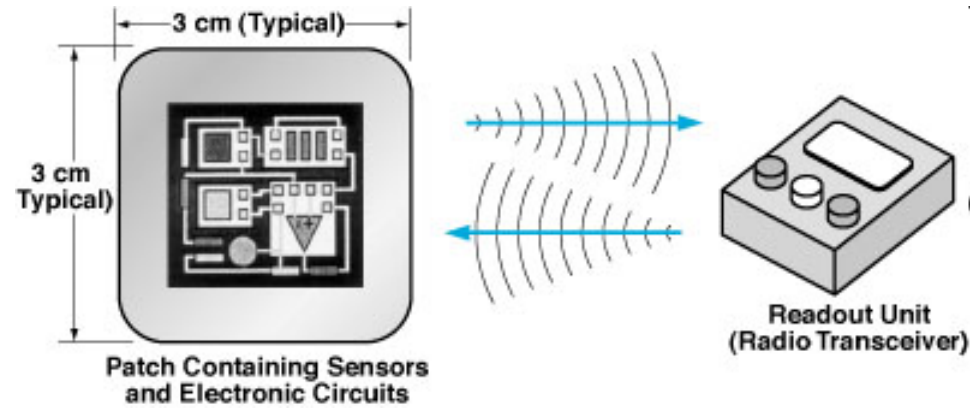


NIKE-APPLE IPOD SPORTS KIT



Introduction

CHEMICAL SENSORS



NASA: WEARABLE SENSOR PATCHES



SWEAT COLLECTION PATCHES



Introduction

Current Ways of Sweat Collection and analysis



S. M. Shirreffs and R. J. Maughan, *J Appl Physiol* 82: 336-341, 1997



Introduction

PROBLEMS TO OVERCOME WITH CHEMICAL SENSOR?

SAMPLE GENERATION

COLLECTION

DELIVERY

SENSOR CALIBRATION

WEARABILITY

SAFETY ISSUES

SWEAT RATE AND FLUID LOSSES VARY FOR INDIVIDUALS AND ARE GENERALLY DEPENDENT ON BODY SIZE, GENDER, EXERCISE INTENSITY, ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND INDIVIDUAL METABOLISM.



Introduction

WHAT DO WE NEED????

DEVICE:

WEARABLE

ROBUST

FLEXIBLE / ADAPTABLE

REUSABLE/ DISPOSABLE → CHEAP

CONTINUOUS REAL TIME ANALYSIS → IMMEDIATE FEEDBACK

MICRODEVICES!!



Introduction

DETECTION:

NOT INVASIVE

WIRELESS

FREEDOM FROM ELECTRICAL NOISE

MINIATURIZATION

NOT PHYSICAL CONTACT

FLEXIBILITY IN INTERROGATION APPROACHES

(HUMAN EYE, LED-SENSORS, CAMERAS, SPECTROMETERS, ...)

OPTICAL SENSORS!!

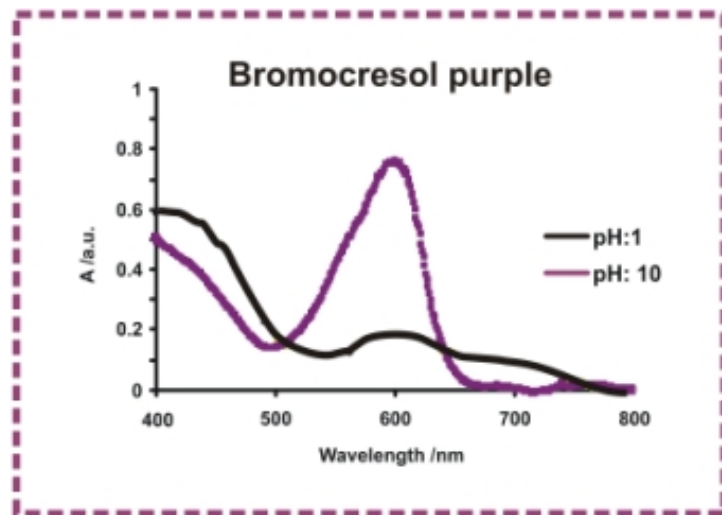


Ionogel pH sensor

DOPE THE IONOGELE WITH A pH-DYE

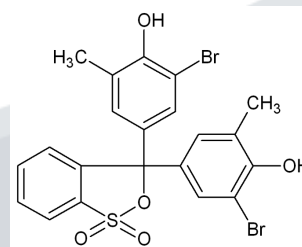
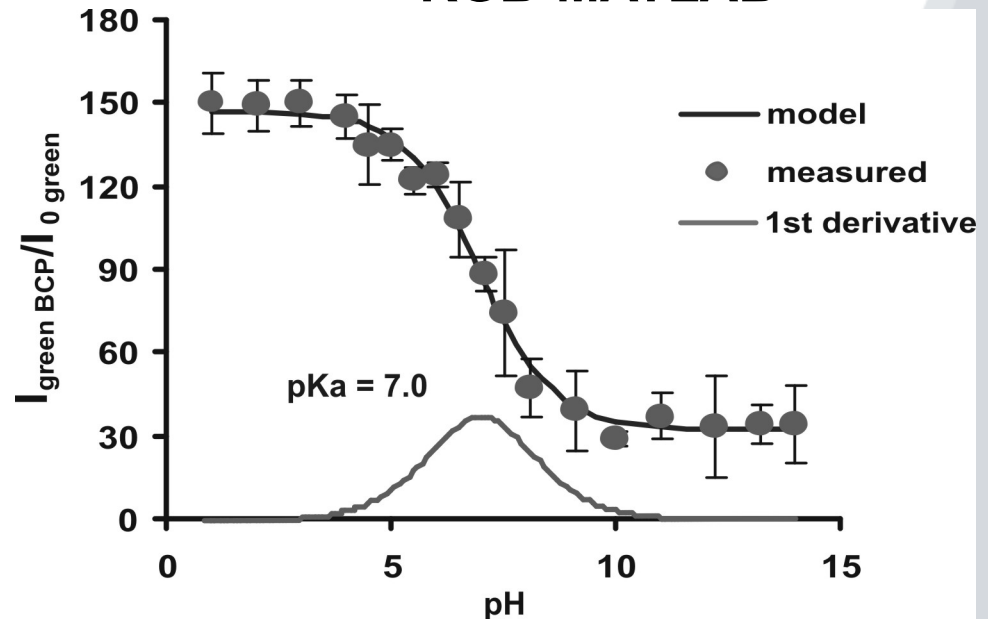
Sweat pH: 4.5-7.5 pH

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1- METHYL RED | 4.4 - 6.2 |
| 2- BROMOCRESOL GREEN | 3.8 - 5.4 |
| 3- BROMOCRESOL PURPLE | 5.2 - 6.8 |
| 4- BROMOTHYMOL BLUE | 6.0 - 7.6 |



DYE DO NOT LEACH OUT

DIGITAL CAMERA PHOTO RGB-MATLAB



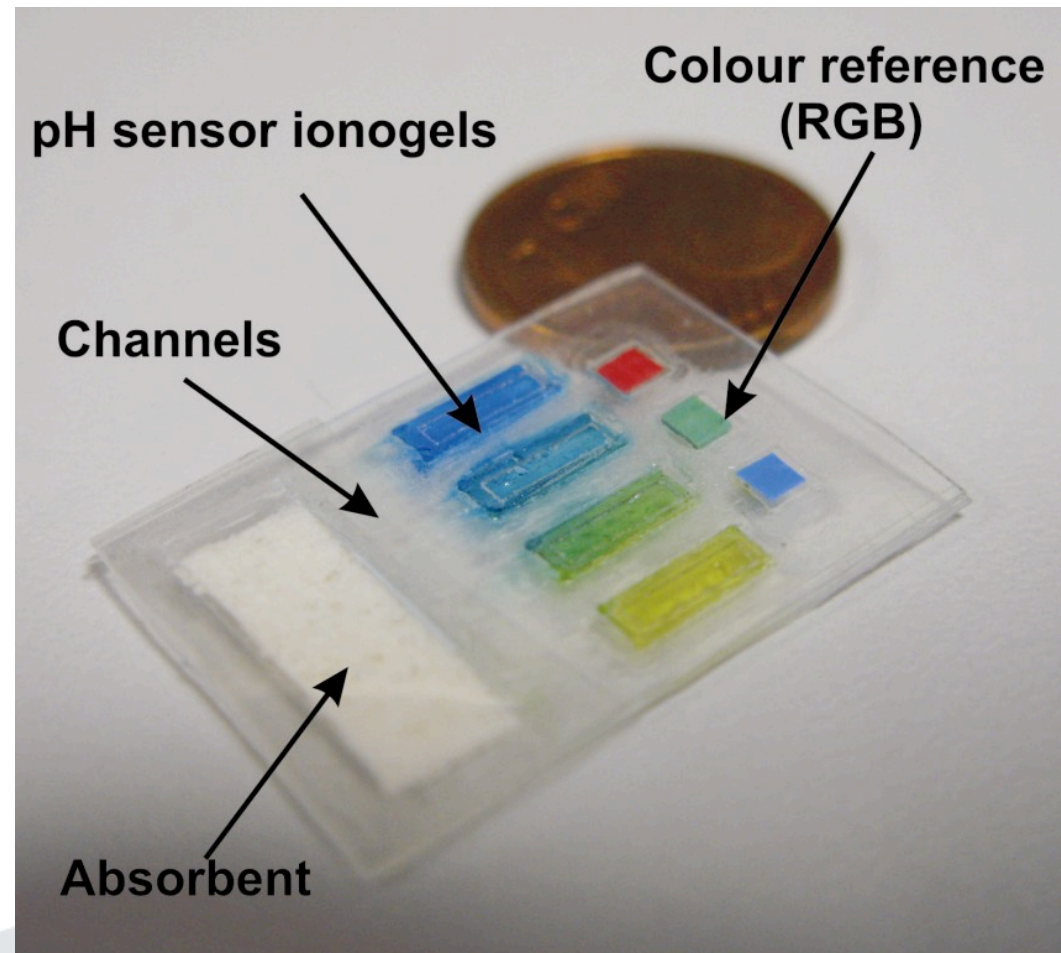
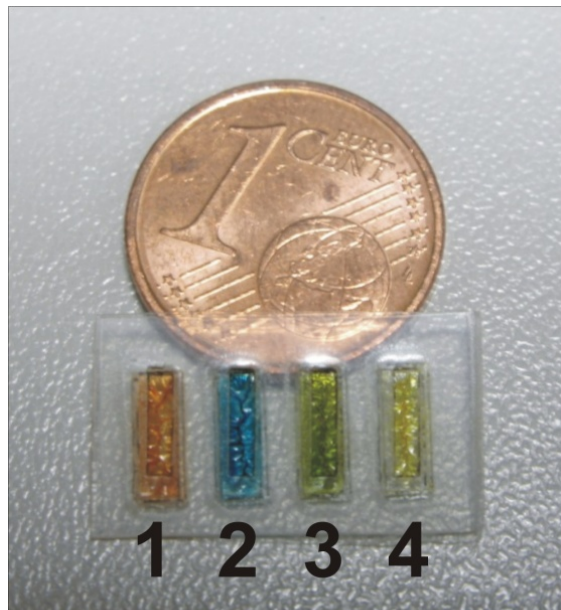
$pK_{a \text{ lit.}} = 7.1$

OPTICAL DETECTION

F. Benito-Lopez, R. Byrne, D. Diamond, Dublin City University, 2009, Patent Application No: GB 0904627-7.

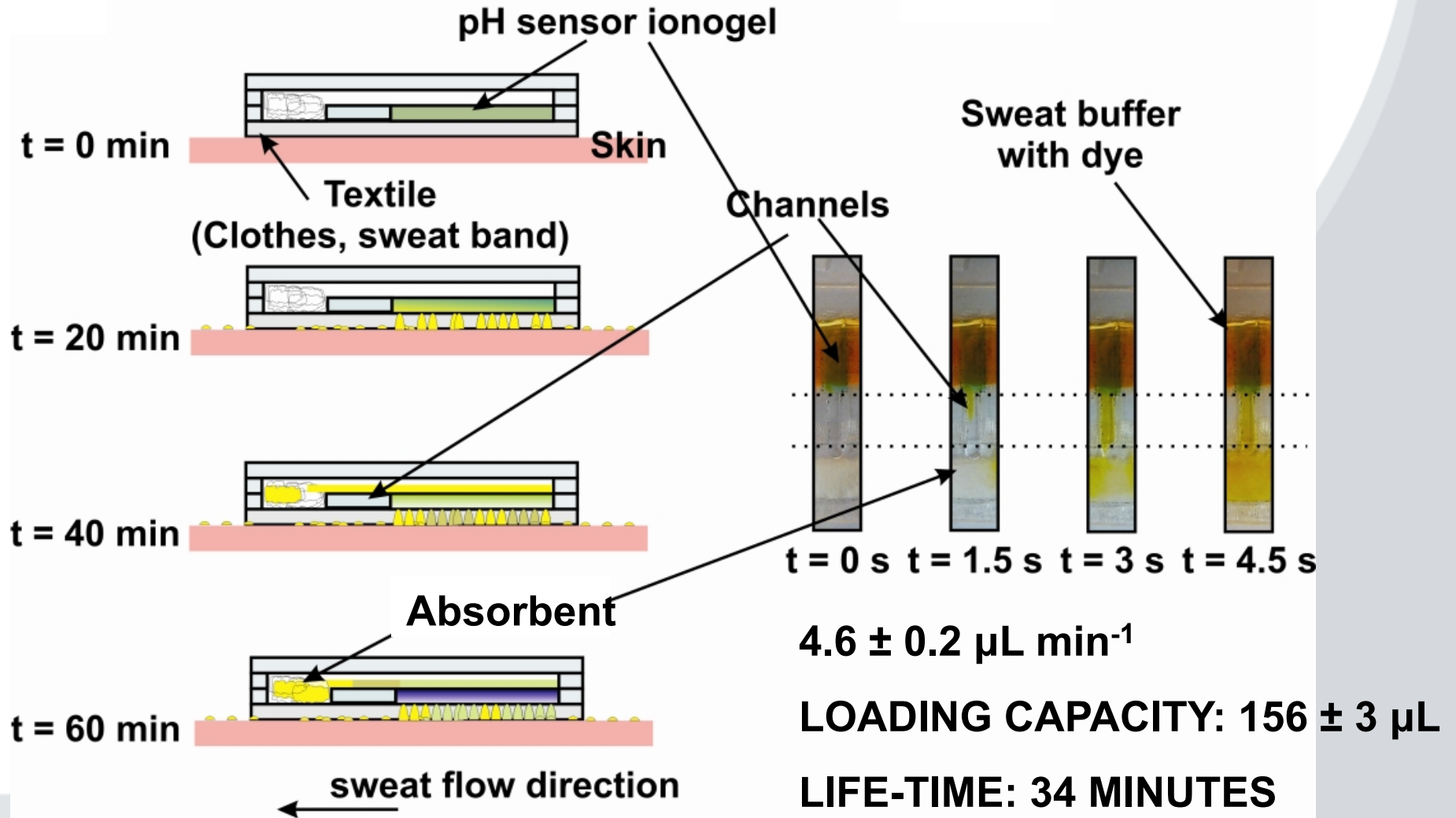


Barcode & Micro-fluidic



Characterisation

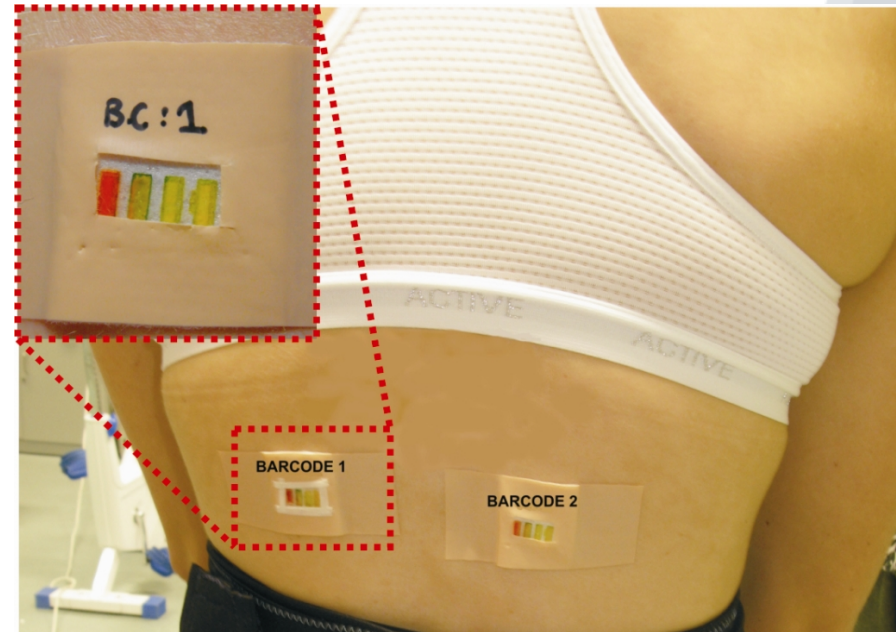
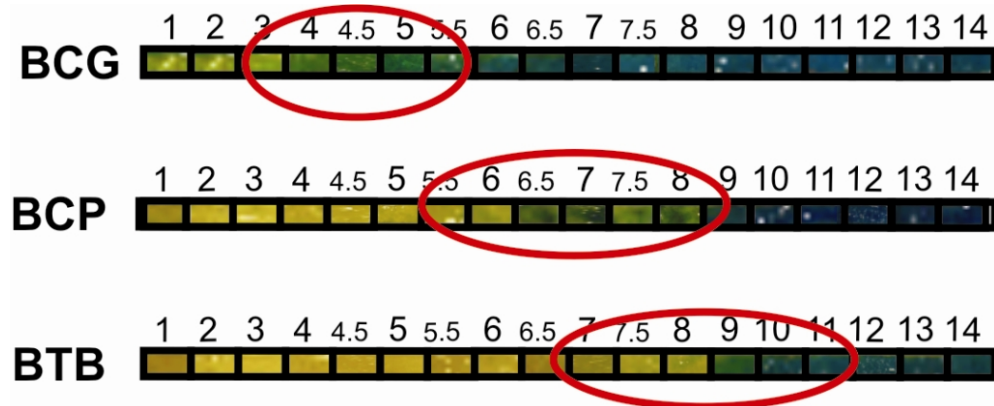
MICRO-FLUIDIC SYSTEM PERFORMANCE



Results

ON-BODY TRIALS

Colour profile of each of the indicators at different pH's (pH range: 1-14)



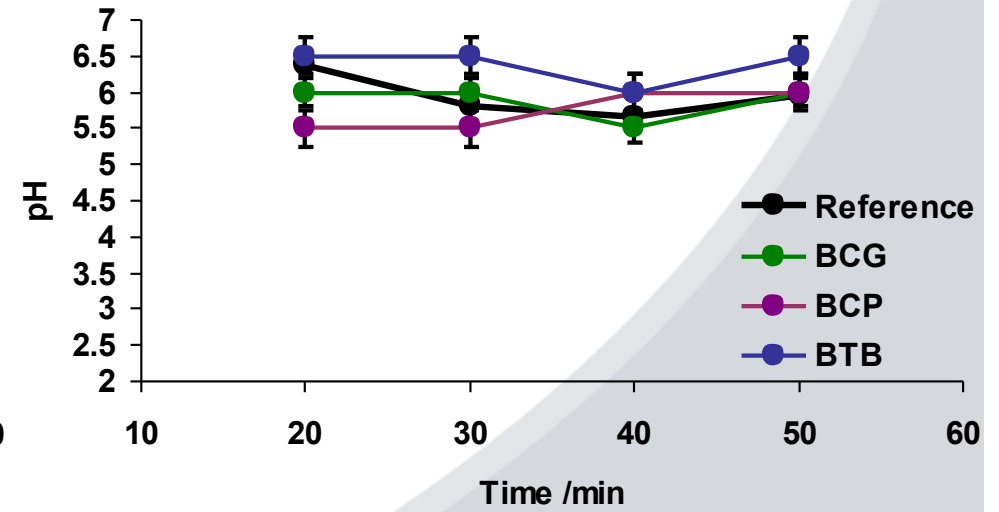
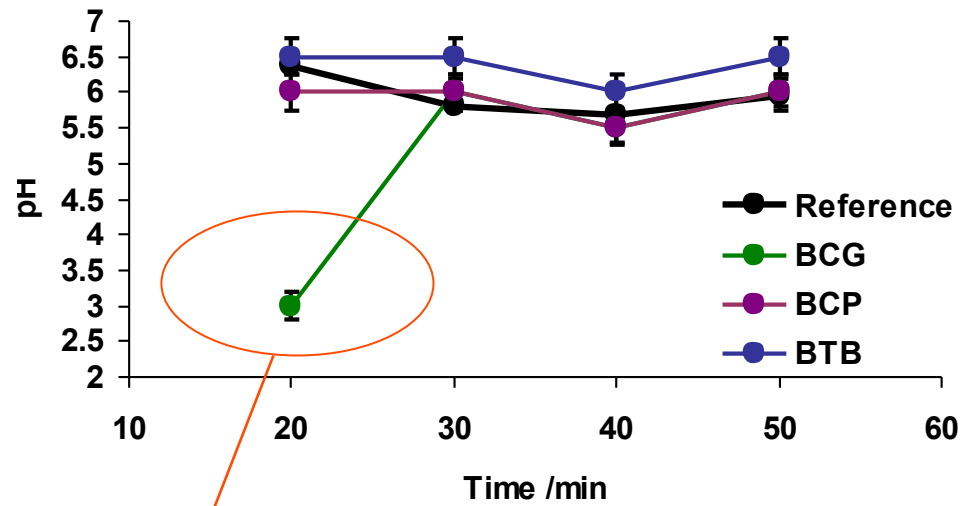
Back of a trainer with a chip (1) and barcode (2) systems (activated at pH 2)



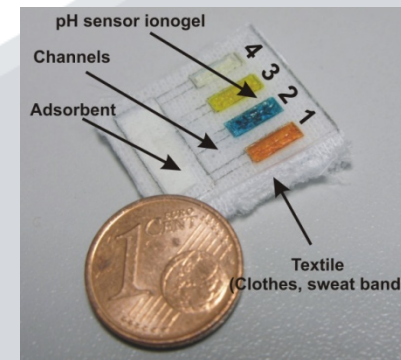
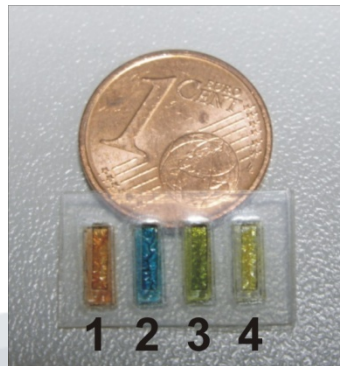
Results

ON-BODY TRIALS

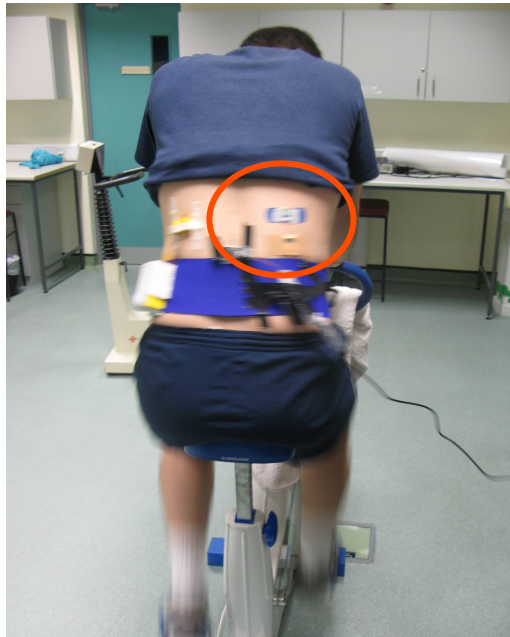
RESULTS: camera pictures and RGB colour analysis using a reference.



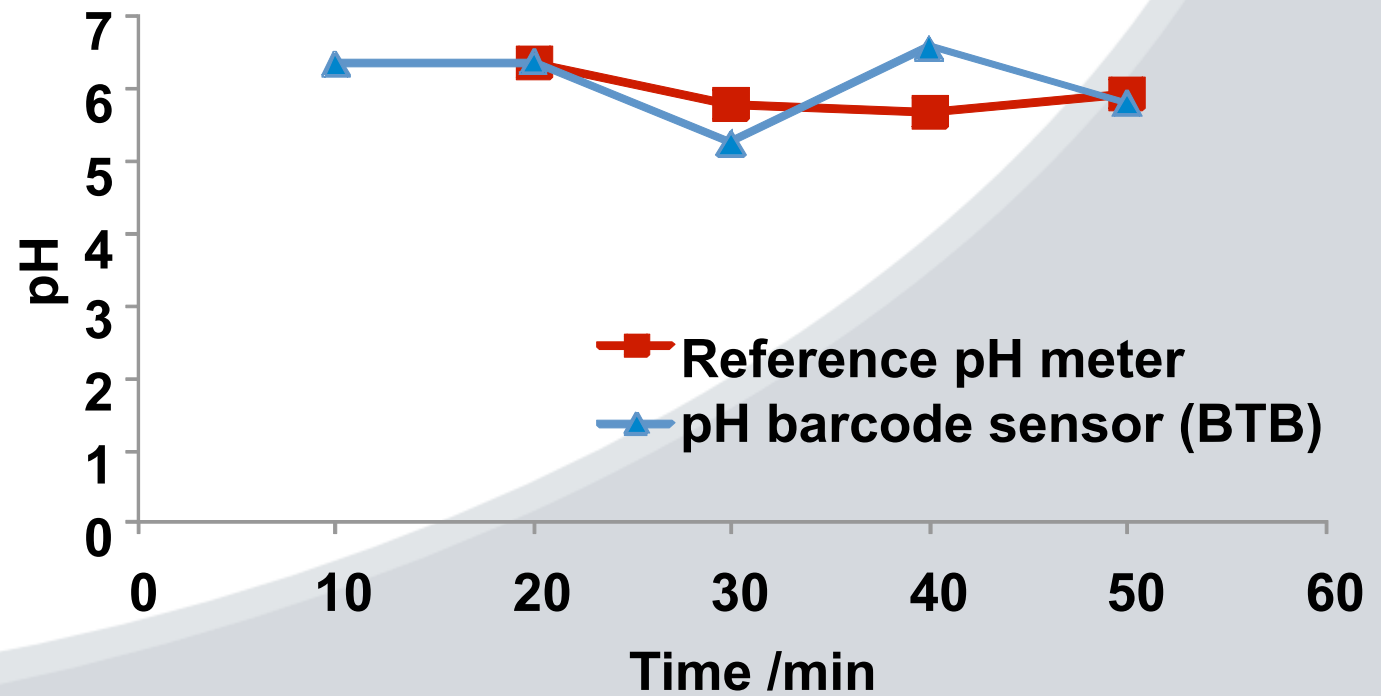
Activation pH



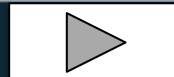
Results



Sweat pH determination using the barcode in an athlete during a 50 min training period



S. Coyle, T. Radu, F. Benito-Lopez, K.-T. Lau, D. Diamond, Res. J. Text. Apparel. 2010. Accepted.



Conclusions

- **MICROFLUIDICS HAS ACHIEVED MUCH IN TERMS OF DELIVERING A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF FLUID HANDLING AND ANALYTICAL MEASUREMENTS IN MICRO/NANO-CHANNELS.**
- **THE NEXT PHASE HAS TO DELIVER FULLY INTEGRATED AND FUNCTIONING 'MICRO-TOTAL ANALYSIS SYSTEMS' THAT CAN PROVIDE SOLUTIONS WITH REAL SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACT.**
- **VITAL TO COMBINE STRONG APPLIED EFFORT TO PRODUCE NEXT GENERATION PLATFORMS & PROTOTYPES (EVOLUTIONARY ADVANCES) WITH FUNDAMENTAL BREAKTHROUGHS IN MATERIALS SCIENCE (REVOLUTIONARY ADVANCES).**



Thanks to.....



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QUESTIONS?

