

A Reputation and Trust Based Multi-Modal Sensor Network for Environmental Monitoring

Edel O'Connor

Prof. Alan F. Smeaton, Prof. Noel E. O'Connor & Prof. Dermot Diamond

This Beaufort Marine Research Award is carried out under the *Sea Change* Strategy and the Strategy for Science Technology and Innovation (2006-2013), with the support of the Marine Institute, funded under the Marine Research Sub-Programme of the National Development Plan 2007–2013.

Presentation Outline

- Water management and issues with in-situ WSNs.
- Multi-modal sensor networks
- Data Aggregation
- Pilot studies
 - River Lee water depth study
 - Water level prediction for adaptive sampling
- Trust and reputation framework

Water Management

- Water management is an important part of the monitoring of the natural environment.
- For many years water managers relied on field measurements for coastal monitoring and water quality evaluation.
- However this process is being revolutionised through the introduction of new technologies such as sensor networks



Image: John Cleary



Issues

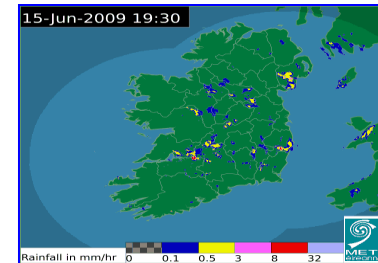
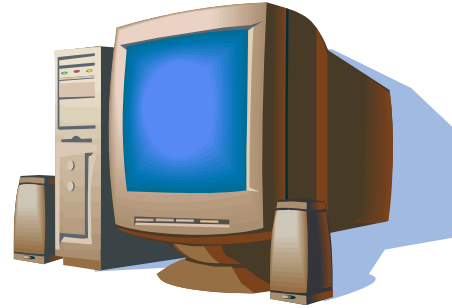
- Current state of the art in **chemo/bio-sensor networks** not at a stage for reliable long-term large scale deployment.
- Even without the complexity of chemo-bio sensing, still considerable issues
 - Sensors subject to **harsh conditions**
 - **Bio-fouling**
 - Limited **spatial resolution**
 - Difficult to **monitor large areas** over long periods of time
 - **Unsuitable for certain environments** and the immediate detection of certain events
 - Developments in sensor research **pushing towards ever cheaper systems**
 - Huge **information overload** – user requires reliable event detection.



Image:
www.ferrybox.eu/imperia/md/images/ferryboxuse

Multi-modal sensor networks

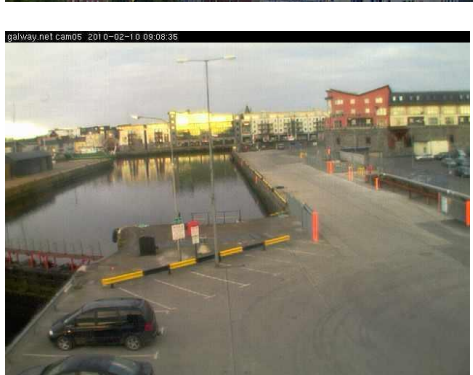
- The incorporation of alternative sensing modalities such as visual sensors, alongside an in-situ WSN can help to overcome some of these problems.



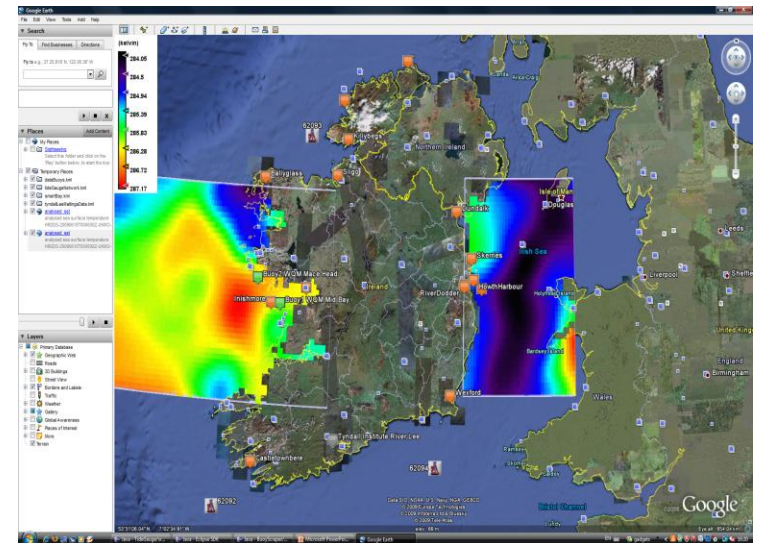
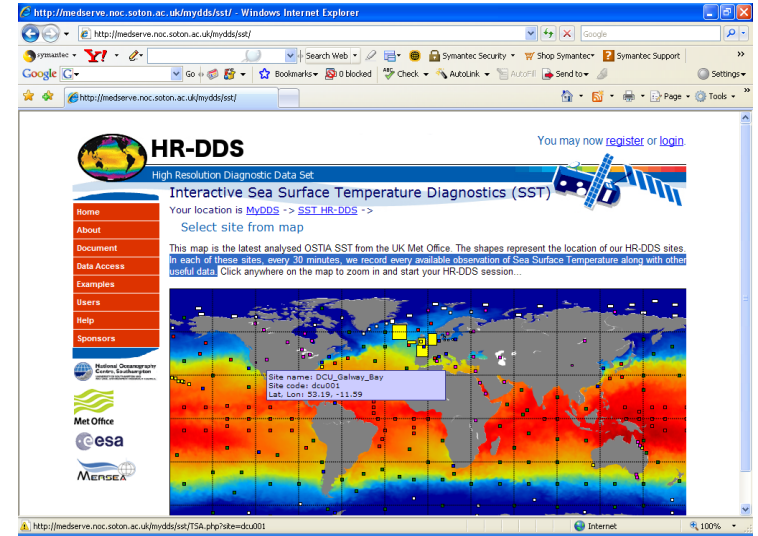
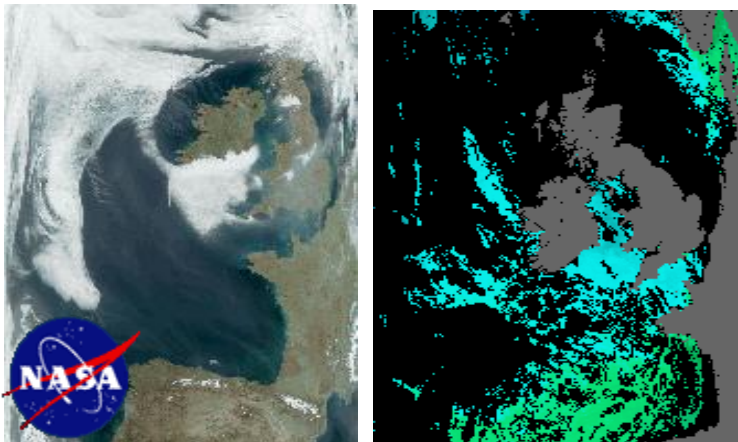
Test Sites

| Requirements | River Lee | Galway Bay | River Tolka |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| Network | X | X | |
| Power | X | X | |
| Security | X | X | |
| Multiple sensing modalities | X | X | |
| Interesting from marine perspective | X | X | X |

Data Aggregation – Camera data



Data Aggregation – Satellite data



In-situ sensor data and context data

Deploy: River Lee

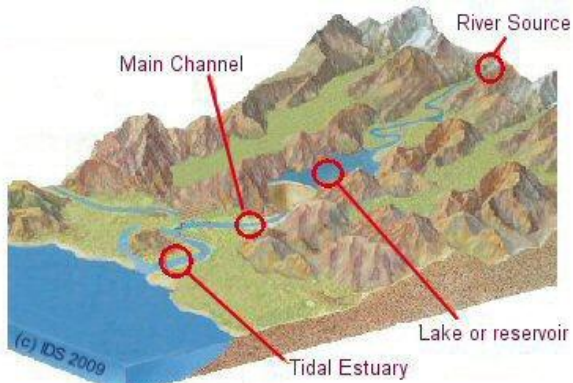
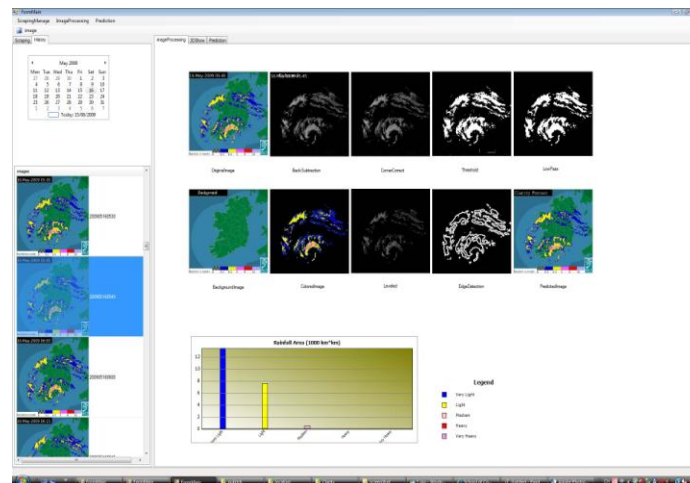


Image: www.deploy.ie (IDS: Intelligent Data Systems)

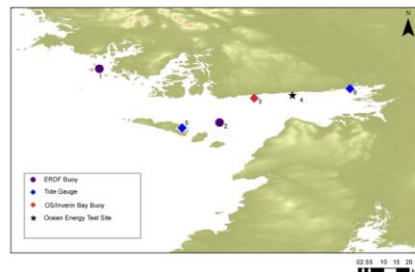
Rainfall Radar processing



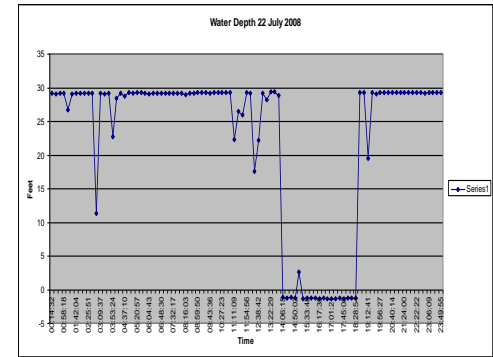
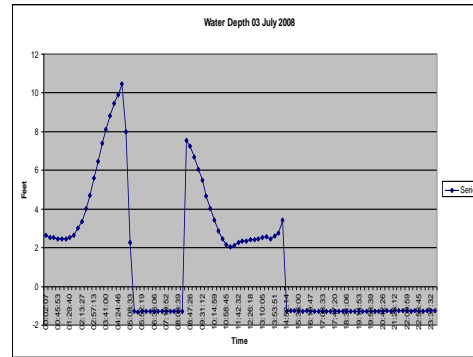
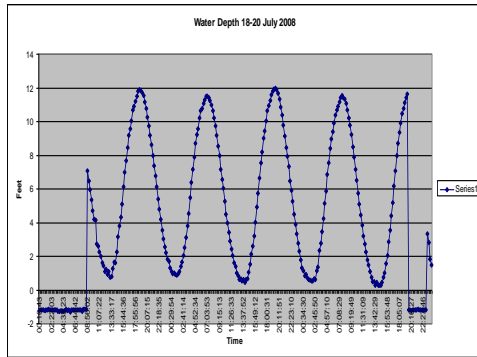
SmartBay: Galway Bay



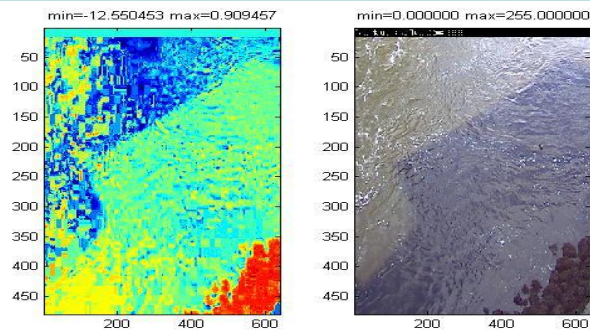
Image: Marine Institute



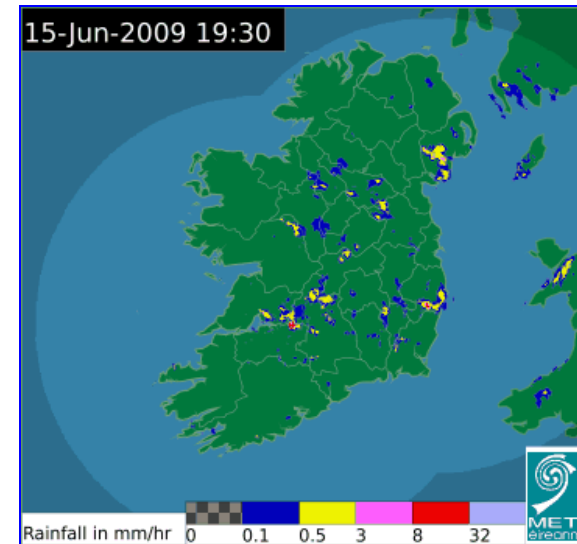
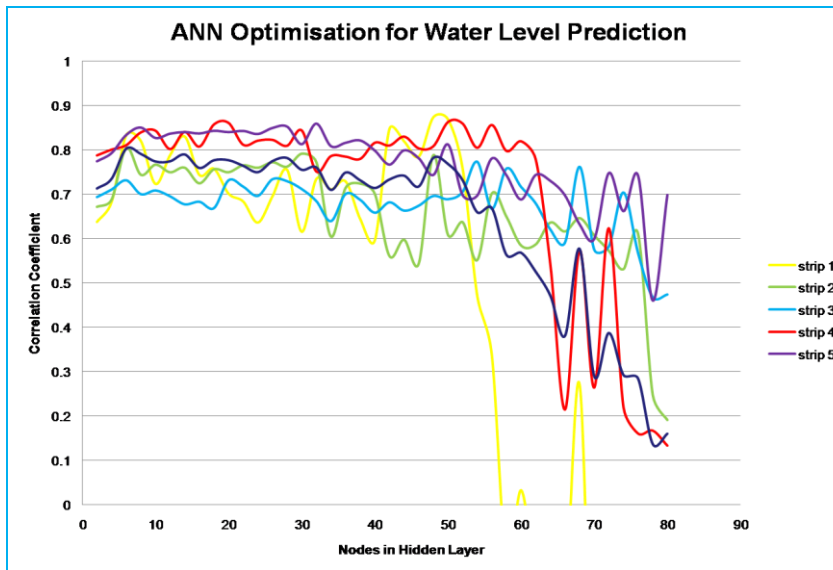
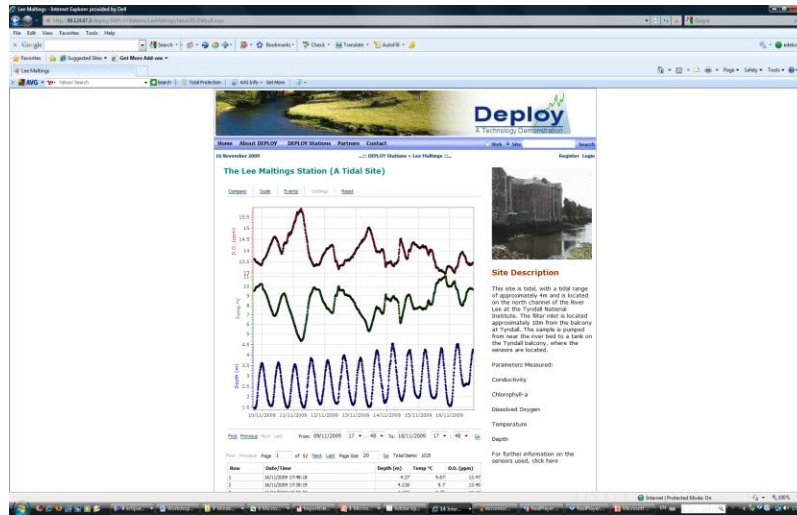
River Lee Water Depth Study



| | C_1 | C_2 | C_3 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Class Distance Error | 0.642 | 0.537 | 0.302 |
| Classification Rate | 0.467 | 0.732 | 0.750 |

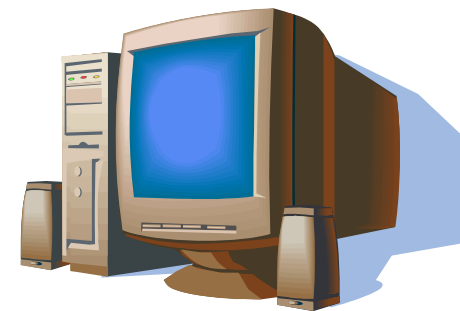
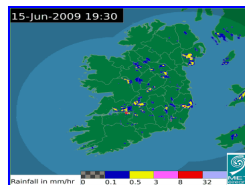


Multi-modal sensor networks – adaptive sampling

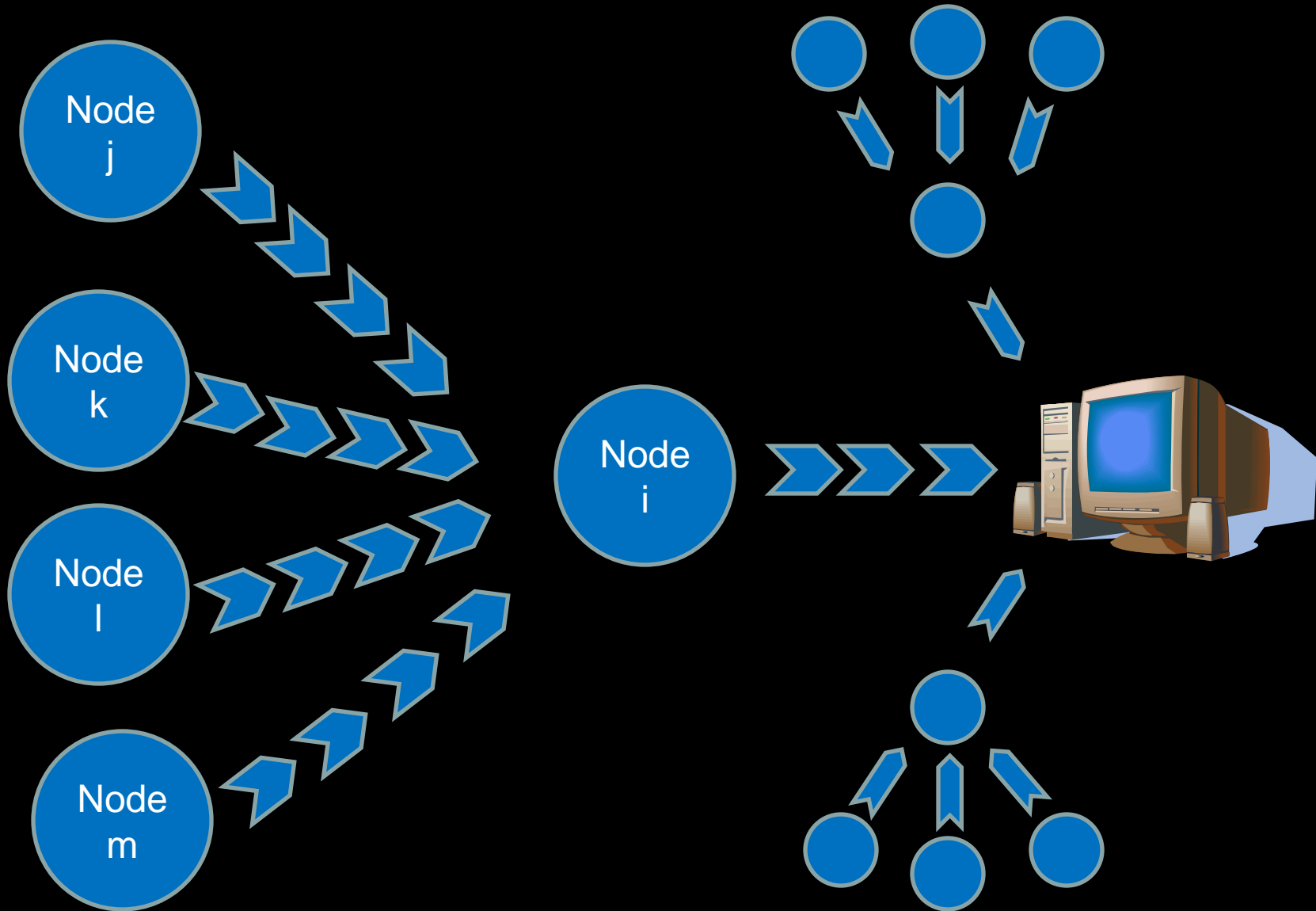


Reputation and Trust-based multi-modal sensor network

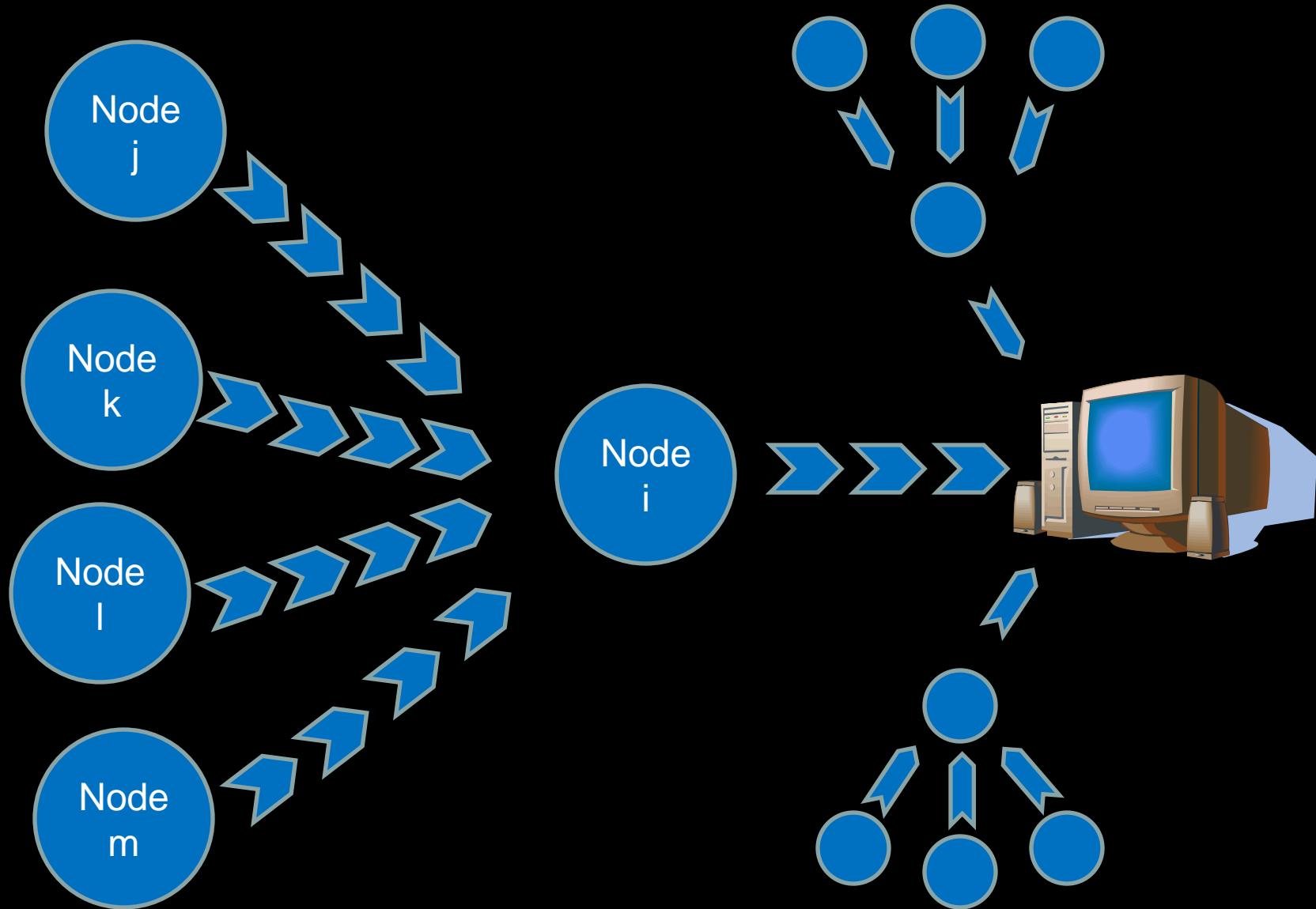
- Development of a reputation and trust-based multi-modal sensor network
- Adaptation of a model developed for in – situ sensor networks known as RFSN (RFSN Ganeriwal & Srivistava 2008).
- Adaption of this model to multi-modal sensor networks

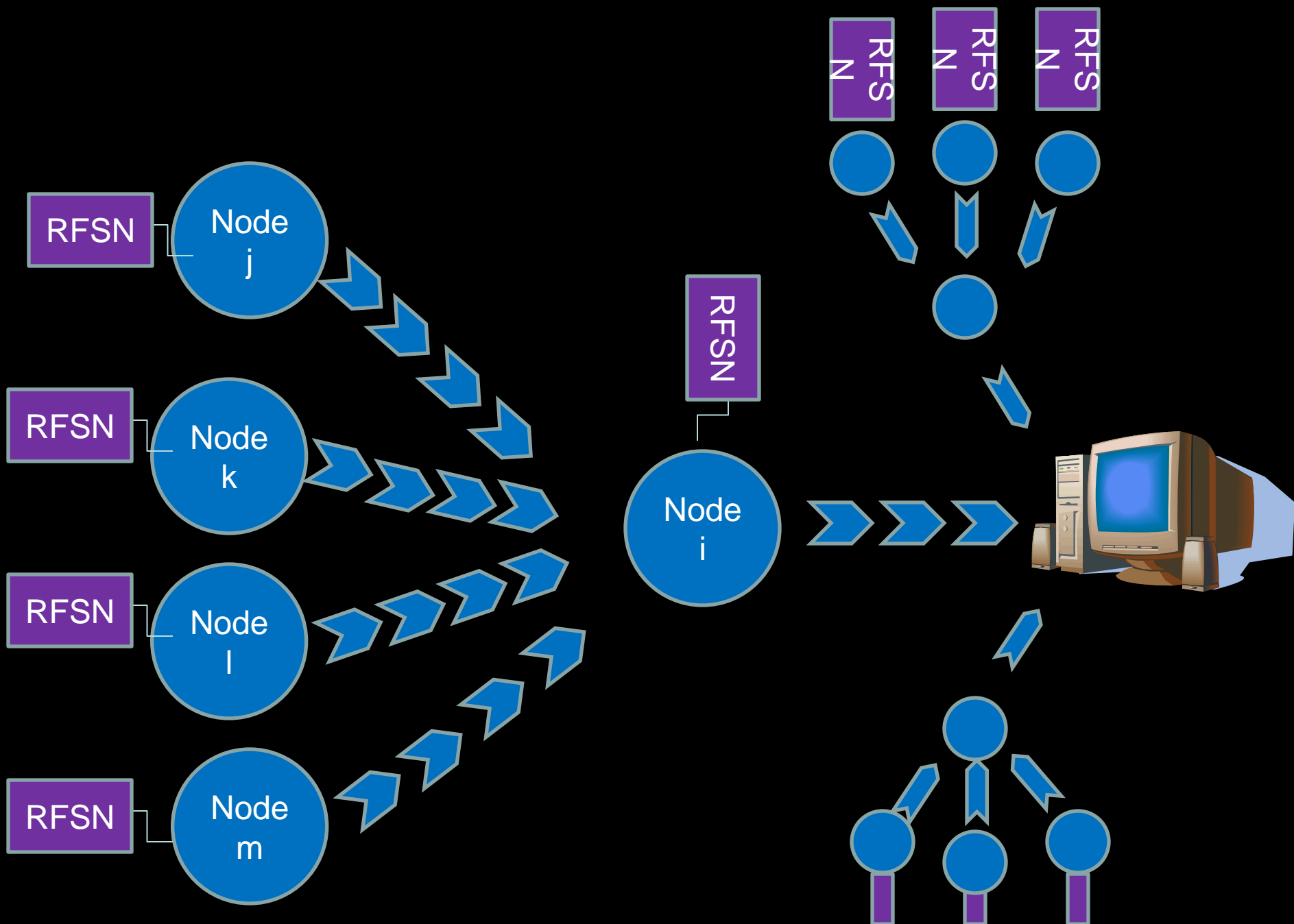


Community of Sensor Nodes



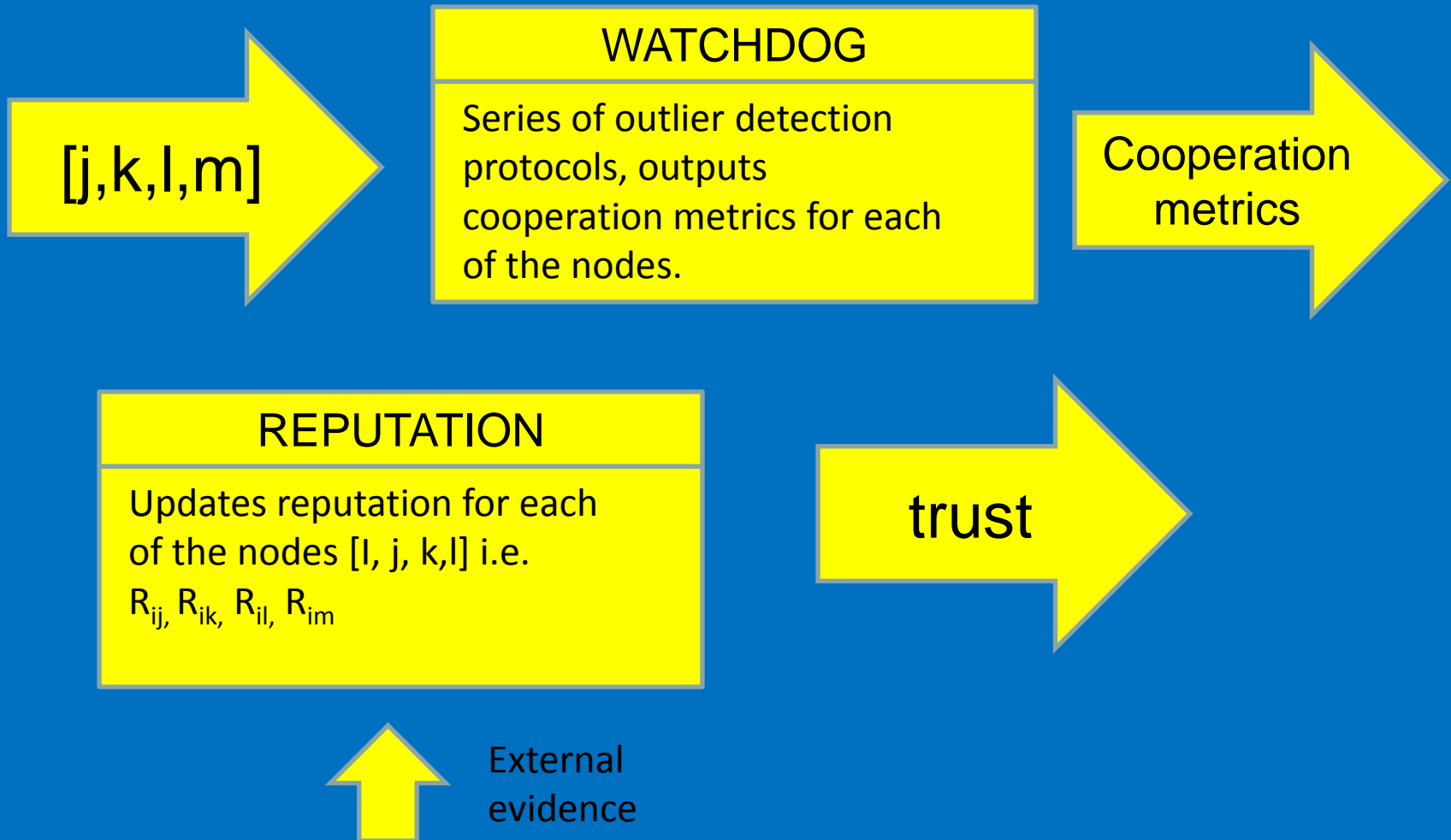
Community of Sensor Nodes



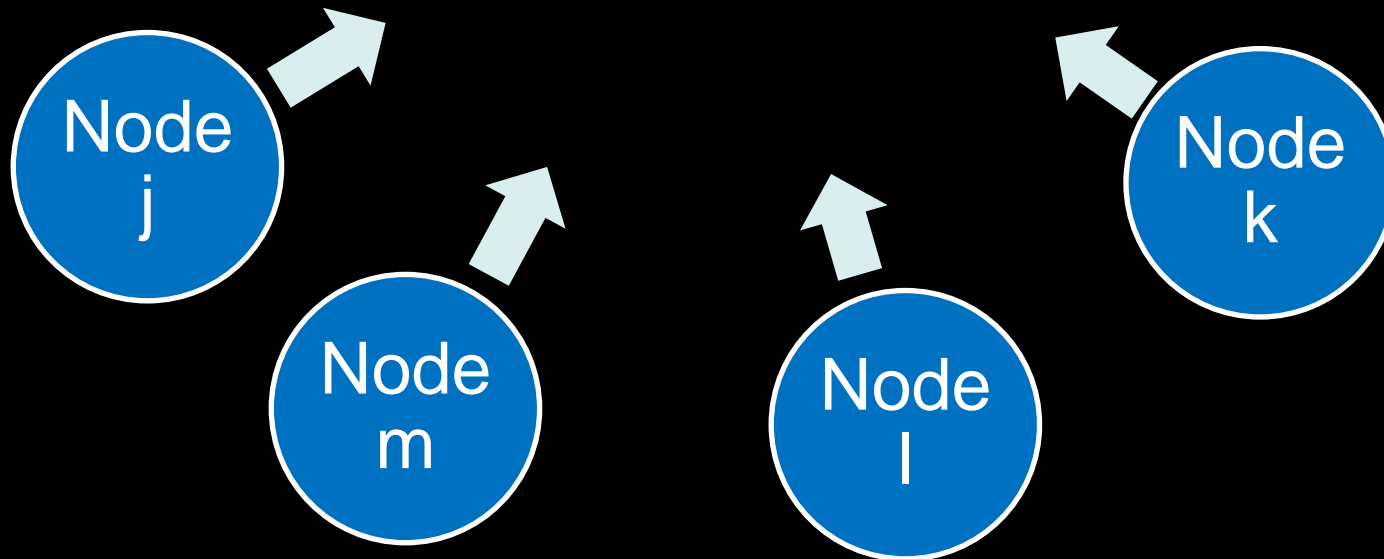
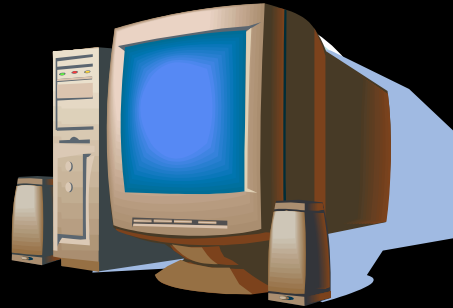


Community of Sensor Nodes

RFSN

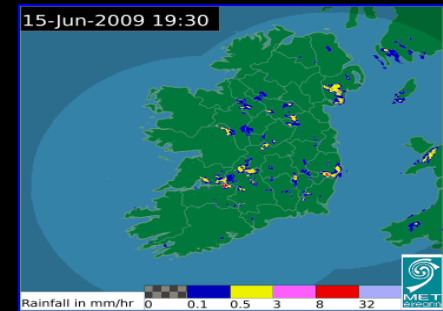
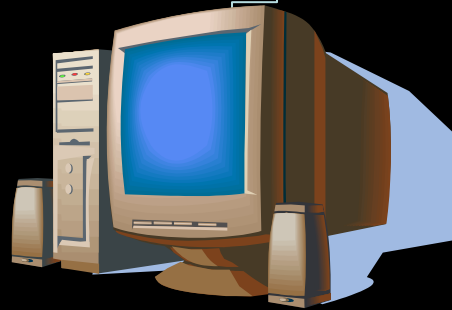


Community of Sensor Nodes



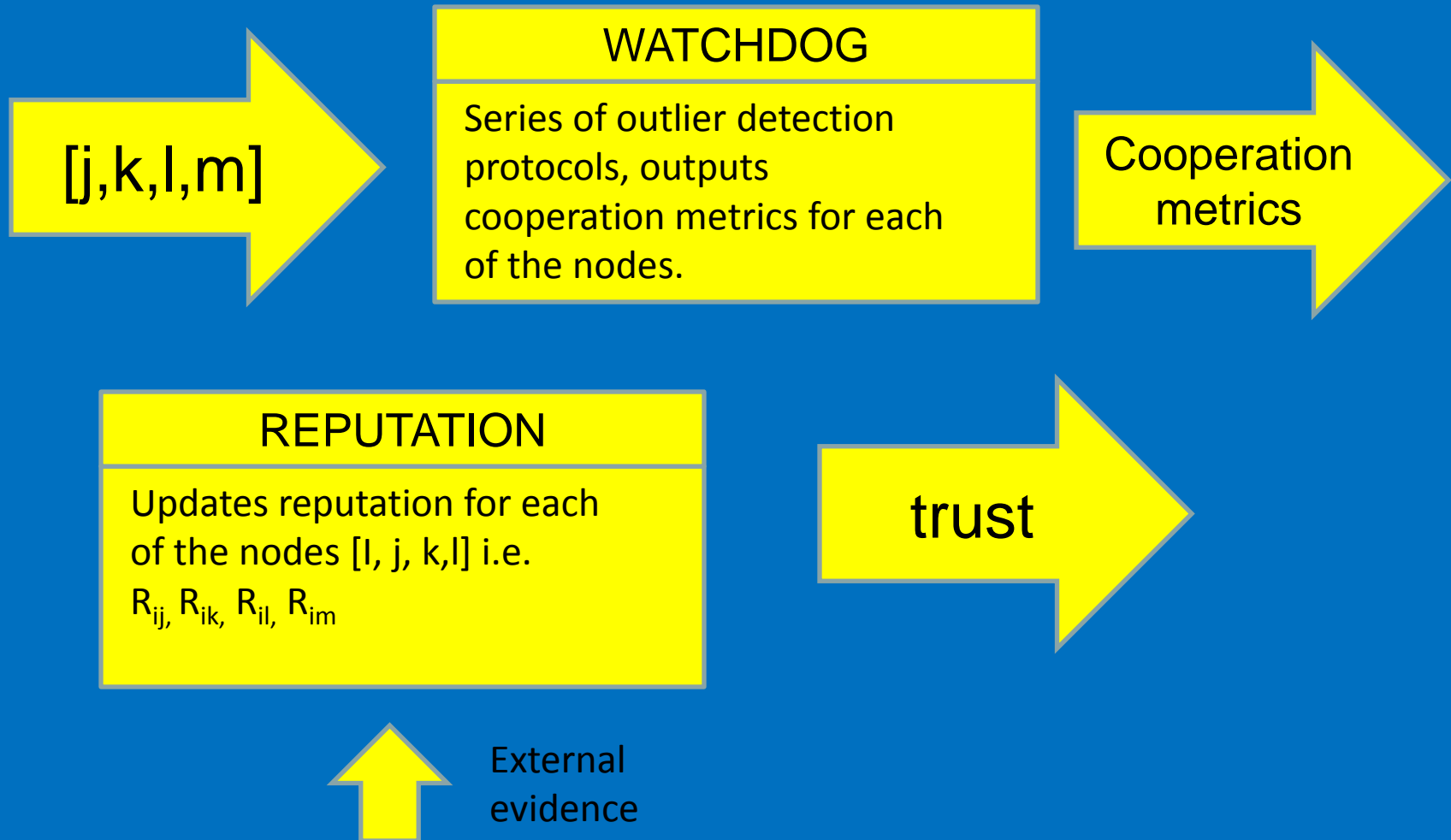
Community of Sensor Nodes

RESN



Community of Sensor Nodes

RFSN



Acknowledgements

- Beaufort Research Awards in Marine Sensing
- Marine Institute
- CLARITY – Centre for Sensor Web Technologies, Science Foundation Ireland under grant 07/CE/I1147
- HRDDS (GHRSSST Project) and David Poulter at the National Oceanography Centre, Southampton, UK